

Response template for submissions to the *Independent review of* the regulation of medical practitioners who perform cosmetic surgery

You are invited to have your say about the regulation of medical practitioners (doctors) who perform cosmetic surgery by making a submission to this independent review.

The consultation questions from the consultation paper are outlined below. Submissions can address some or all of these questions, and you can include any evidence or examples that you think are relevant.

Submissions can be emailed to:

Mr Andrew Brown, Independent Reviewer marked 'Submission to the independent review on cosmetic surgery' at CSReview@ahpra.gov.au.

The closing date for submissions is 5.00pm AEST 14 April 2022.

Your details

Name	Brian stein
Organisation (if applicable)	n/a
Email address	

Your responses to the consultation questions

Codes and Guidelines

	Do the current Guidelines for registered medical practitioners who perform cosmetic medical and surgical procedures adequately address issues relevant to the current and expected future practice of cosmetic surgery and contribute to safe practice that is within a practitioner's scope, qualifications, training and experience?
app	observation this is the wild west of medicine. The current guidelines are too woolly in stating "the propriate training, expertise, and experience to perform the procedure and deal with all routine pects of care and any likely complications."
2.	What changes are necessary and why? What additional areas should the guidelines address to achieve the above purpose?
	Clearly differentiate between fully trained surgeons ie FRACS or equivalent and others
	2. Clearly differentiate exactly what the minimum level of training required is to claim appropriate training and expertise There are GP practitioners who have been doing this for a long time but never had much or any formal training. You can do a 1 day course and claim to have a "professional certificate" accredited by racgp. These days its about a half day course to be certified to put in an iv cannula.
3.	Please provide any further comment in relation to the use of codes and guidelines relevant to the practice of cosmetic surgery.
Ma	nagement of notifications
4.	Having regard to Ahpra and the Medical Board's powers and remit, what changes do you consider are necessary to the approach of Ahpra and the Medical Board in managing cosmetic surgery notifications, including their risk assessment process, and why?
Mu	ch more aggressive monitoring and prevention.
5.	Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to the management of notifications about medical practitioners involved in cosmetic surgery.

Advertising restrictions

6. Is Ahpra and the Medical Board's current approach to regulating advertising in cosmetic surgery sufficient?
The issue of "stem cell" injections and injections of platelet rich plasma. This is over-promised on benefit given the pretty scarce literature.
7. What should be improved and why and how?
8. Do the current <u>Guidelines for advertising a regulated health service</u> adequately address risks in relation to advertising of cosmetic surgery, or is a more specific regulatory response required?
9. Does the promotion of cosmetic surgery via social media raise any issues that are not adequately addressed by the advertising guidelines, or that require any specific regulatory response?
I don't think any advertising of medical services on social media is appropriate let alone cosmesis
10. Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to the regulation of advertising.
Title weeks ation and and an element for an energy decrease of weeking

Title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice

11. To what extent would establishing an endorsement in relation to the practice of cosmetic surgery address relevant issues of concern in the sector (including patient safety issues)?

Significantly especially if it requires proper clinical audit of established but (relatively) untrained practitioners. Grandfathering in people is the road to hell: some of the most unpleasant anecdotes I have heard involve people with little training but long experience

12. Would establishing an endorsement in relation to cosmetic surgery provide more clarity about the specific skills and qualifications of practitioners holding the endorsement?	
yes	
13. What programs of study (existing or new) would provide appropriate qualifications?	
FRACS or equivalent is prima facie adequate. For major cosmetic procedures I would want a significant period of study and supervision to be required: depending on the procedure this might be as much as FRACS eg breast reconstruction; I cant think of anything I would want done surgically to myself for purely cosmetic reasons that would not require at least a year of study and supervision.	
For minor cosmetic procedures the issue is not so much the procedure but the judgement for doing it. This should still require a significant period of training and supervision. The 1 day workshop and you are ready to go model for injection is not acceptable in 2022	
14. Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to specialist title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice relevant to cosmetic surgery.	
Cooperation with other regulators	
15. Are there barriers to effective information flow and referral of matters between Ahpra and the Medical Board and other regulators?	
Don't know	
16. If yes, what are the barriers, and what could be improved?	
17. Do roles and responsibilities require clarification?	
18. Please provide any further relevant comment about cooperating with other regulators.	

Facilitating mandatory and voluntary notifications

19. Do the Medical Board's current mandatory notifications guidelines adequately explain the mandatory reporting obligations?
yes
20. Are there things that prevent health practitioners from making notifications? If so, what?
The bar is set high; the outside practice standards in particular makes it difficult for those outside an area to be certain they are justified
21. What could be improved to enhance the reporting of safety concerns in the cosmetic surgery sector?
22. Please provide any further relevant comment about facilitating notifications
Information to consumers
23. Do the Medical Board's current codes and guidelines adequately describe the obligations of practitioners who perform cosmetic surgery to provide sufficient information to consumers and obtain informed consent?
mostly
24. If not, what improvements could be made?
25. Should codes or guidelines include a requirement for practitioners to explain to patients how to make a complaint if dissatisfied?

26. In the context of cosmetic surgery, does the Ahpra website and public register of practitioners provide sufficient information about medical practitioners to inform consumer choices?
no
27. If not, what more could/should Ahpra and the Medical Board do to inform consumer choices?
More exact description of qualification
28. Is the notification and complaints process understood by consumers?
Very much doubt it
29. If not, what more could/should Ahpra and the Medical Board do to improve consumer understanding?
30. Please provide any further relevant comment about the provision of information to consumers.
Further comment or suggestions
31. If you have any further comment relevant to Ahpra's and the Medical Board's regulation of cosmetic surgery including and/or suggestions for enhancements not mentioned in response to the above questions, please provide it here.



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The closing date for submissions is 5.00pm AEST 14 April 2022.

Your details

Name	Michael Sticka
Organisation (if applicable)	
Email address	

Your responses to the consultation questions

Codes and Guidelines

	1.	Do the current Guidelines for registered medical practitioners who perform cosmetic medical and surgical procedures adequately address issues relevant to the current and expected future practice of cosmetic surgery and contribute to safe practice that is within a practitioner's scope, qualifications, training and experience?
	No,	because they do not have an expected standard of training and experience.
	2.	What changes are necessary and why? What additional areas should the guidelines address to achieve the above purpose?
	3.	Please provide any further comment in relation to the use of codes and guidelines relevant to the practice of cosmetic surgery.
Ν	/lai	nagement of notifications
	4.	Having regard to Ahpra and the Medical Board's powers and remit, what changes do you consider are necessary to the approach of Ahpra and the Medical Board in managing cosmetic surgery notifications, including their risk assessment process, and why?
	5.	Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to the management of notifications about medical practitioners involved in cosmetic surgery.
Δ	dv	ertising restrictions
	6.	Is Ahpra and the Medical Board's current approach to regulating advertising in cosmetic surgery sufficient?

7. What should be improved and why and how?
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9. Does the promotion of cosmetic surgery via social media raise any issues that are not adequately addressed by the advertising guidelines, or that require any specific regulatory response?
10. Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to the regulation of advertising.
Title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice
11. To what extent would establishing an endorsement in relation to the practice of cosmetic surgery address relevant issues of concern in the sector (including patient safety issues)?
I think it is essential if the public is to be protected.
Cosmetic surgery is not a specialty and so there are no official specialists. Other than word of mouth and the doctor's own website and advertisements, the public has no way of knowing if he or she trained in cosmetic surgery or not.
If doctors who are properly trained and competent are endorsed to practice cosmetic surgery by the authorities, the public would be able to choose an endorsed doctor.
authorities, the public would be able to choose an endorsed doctor.
Why would Ahpra and the Medical Board NOT want to protect the public in this way?

12. Would establishing an endorsement in relation to cosmetic surgery provide more clarity about the specific skills and qualifications of practitioners holding the endorsement?
Yes
13. What programs of study (existing or new) would provide appropriate qualifications?
I do not know but obviously, it must be specifically about cosmetic surgery.
14. Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to specialist title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice relevant to cosmetic surgery.
Only doctors or specialists who are endorsed in cosmetic surgery should be allowed to call themselves cosmetic surgeons.
Cooperation with other regulators
15. Are there barriers to effective information flow and referral of matters between Ahpra and the Medical Board and other regulators?
16. If yes, what are the barriers, and what could be improved?
17. Do roles and responsibilities require clarification?
18. Please provide any further relevant comment about cooperating with other regulators.

Facilitating mandatory and voluntary notifications

19. Do the Medical Board's current mandatory notifications guidelines adequately explain the mandatory reporting obligations?
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25. Should codes or guidelines include a requirement for practitioners to explain to patients how to make a complaint if dissatisfied?

26. In the context of cosmetic surgery, does the Ahpra website and public register of practitioners provide sufficient information about medical practitioners to inform consumer choices?
No. As explained earlier, with no specialty and no endorsement for cosmetic surgery yet, the public register provides no relevant information about a practitioner's cosmetic surgery expertise or otherwise.
27. If not, what more could/should Ahpra and the Medical Board do to inform consumer choices?
Introduce an endorsement for doctors who have met a competency standard in cosmetic surgery and show this on the public register.
28. Is the notification and complaints process understood by consumers?
29. If not, what more could/should Ahpra and the Medical Board do to improve consumer understanding?
30. Please provide any further relevant comment about the provision of information to consumers.

Further comment or suggestions

31. If you have any further comment relevant to Ahpra's and the Medical Board's regulation of cosmetic surgery including and/or suggestions for enhancements not mentioned in response to the above questions, please provide it here.

It seems obvious that endorsement should be introduced. It will protect the public from untrained and unsafe practitioners. It is hard to think of any reason the public or anyone without a vested interest would not welcome it.



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Your details

Name	Sarah Sticka
Organisation (if applicable)	
Email address	

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Codes and Guidelines

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No	, because they do not have an expected standard of training and experience.
2.	What changes are necessary and why? What additional areas should the guidelines address to achieve the above purpose?
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If doctors who are properly trained and competent are endorsed to practice cosmetic surgery by the
authorities, the public would be able to choose an endorsed doctor.

12. Would establishing an endorsement in relation to cosmetic surgery provide more clarity about the specific skills and qualifications of practitioners holding the endorsement?
Yes , and would stop certain companies from stating falsehoods.
13. What programs of study (existing or new) would provide appropriate qualifications?
I do not know but obviously, it must be specifically about cosmetic surgery.
14. Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to specialist title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice relevant to cosmetic surgery.
Only doctors or specialists who are endorsed in cosmetic surgery should be allowed to call themselves cosmetic surgeons.
Cooperation with other regulators
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•
17. Do roles and responsibilities require clarification?
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27. If not, what more could/should Ahpra and the Medical Board do to inform consumer choices?
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From: Russell Strong

To: Cosmetic Surgery Review
Subject: Cosmetic Medical Practice
Date: Sunday, 6 March 2022 2:48:16 PM
Attachments: Cosmetic Medical Practice.docx

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Sir/Madam,

I present some thoughts on the proposed review and question the use of another one and forward some observations on the subject.

Kind regards,



Professor Russell W. Strong AC CMG PJN RFD

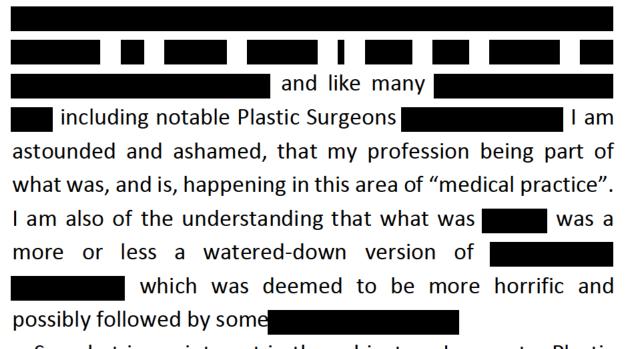
BDS, MB BS, MRCS LRCP, FRACDS, FRCS (Eng), FRACS, FACS, FASGBI (Hon), FRCSE (Hon), FASA (Hon), FACS (Hon)



Sent from Mail for Windows 10

Emeritus Professor Russell W Strong AC, CMG, PJN, RFD. BDS, MBBS, MRCS LRCP, FRACDS, FRCS(Eng), FRACS, FACS, FASGBI(Hon), FRCSE(Hon), FASA(Hon), FACS(Hon)

The medical regulator AHPRA has announced its first ever review into patient safety in the "cosmetic surgery sector".



So, what is my interest in the subject, as I am not a Plastic Surgeon and do not have anything to disclose on any medical or financial liabilities or interests in what I would describe as the industry of cosmetic medical practice? But, being both a Dental and Medical graduate, a trained and qualified general surgeon, being a recipient of numbers of Fellowships of Surgical Colleges both in Australia, UK and the USA by examination, as well as numbers of International Honorary Fellowships of Surgical Colleges and Societies, I have a deep interest in numbers of aspects of surgery and its performance

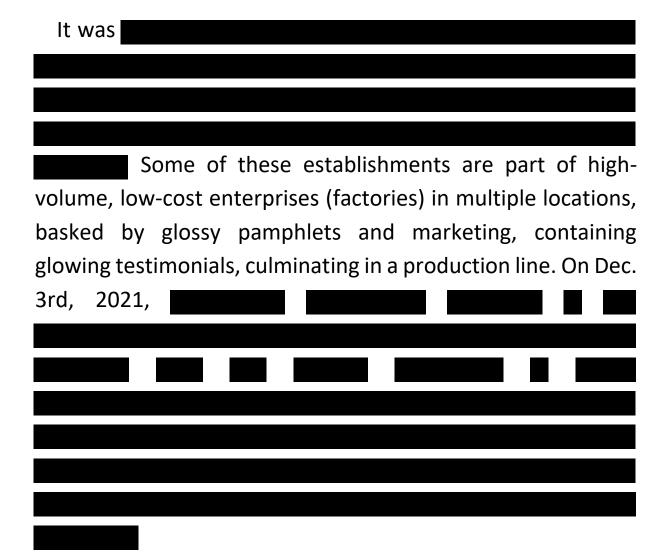
as well as progress and innovations associated with it. In addition, I am very much involved with many ethical dilemmas facing the profession and international human rights abuses.

It was back in 2009/2010 that I was requested to serve as a member of the Review Group on the issue of Assessment of the Case of Recognition of Cosmetic Medical Practice as a Medical Specialty. There were seven members and we undertook face-to-face meetings and telephone consultations with multiple stakeholders, together with clinical site visits in Brisbane, Melbourne and Sydney. At the completion of the task, a report was prepared and submitted to the Australian Medical Council (AMC). I received a letter from the

review committee had concluded that Cosmetic Medical Practice as a well-defined, distinct and legitimate area of medical practice was not supported, and that the inappropriate use of the title "surgeon" by non-surgeons was inadmissible, and even some doctors calling themselves plastic surgeons without the proper specialist qualifications and accreditation was

The letter that I received from the

So, here we are, more than a decade since the seven-member review, and the medical regulator announces another review. One may ask- what is the purpose of AHPRA calling on another inquiry/review? Will AHPRA agree with and promote the findings of the investigative team? Several years ago, when I became aware of Plastic Surgeons describing their increasing necessity to repair severe complications resulting from what may be described as "stuff-ups" following `cosmetic medical practice procedures, I commenced investigation of what happened to our previous review. Nobody seemed to know what happened to it, with repeated denials as to it's existence, until finally it was discovered in a drawer somewhere. It is not surprising that I am a little dubious as to any success accruing from another review, and one may ask whatever happened to the 1990's **NSW** Health Complaints Commission Care recommendation of a credentialing system for cosmetic practice, which does not seem to have occurred, nor the recommendation for centrally collected data on complaints and complications.



It needs to be pointed out that cosmetic surgery is not a recognised specialty in Australia and any GP can call themselves a cosmetic surgeon, despite never having any surgical training beyond their basic medical degree. The clinics are characterised by elegant rooms, plus superlative marketing and descriptions of doctors, presumably self-written. Social media is full of self-adulation and glossy photos promoting these organisations with made up letters accompanying their names.

So, how can the responsible authorities allow all this to happen? In the WE Australian newspaper in 2019 – "Ministers

agreed that the use of "cosmetic surgeon" by medical practitioners required further consultation to define which medical practitioners should be able to use the title "surgeon". The work is still in progress." - Really!

behind the organisation that comes under the umbrella of cosmetic medical practice, which almost certainly is backed by considerable financial support. However, this should not be a deterrent to a proper all-round investigation of what appears to be many unacceptable practices. One may ask, why is there not a proper accreditation process, not dissimilar to what has to occur with hospitals, both private and public?

While the majority of the discussions have been and continue to be centred around the use of the term or title "surgeon", it seems to me there should be consideration of other aspects of "cosmetic medical practice", such as anaesthesia and after care which seems to be very arbitrary and below what most of us would consider to be unacceptable. It would not be unreasonable to question the validity of the title "anaesthetist" for some of the procedures being carried out in these cosmetic medical facilities, and this has to be of great concern.

Regarding the acquisition of data, it would be hard to believe that there be a lot of data available, but it should be made mandatory for all those in these practices to keep accurate data on procedures performed, complications and reoperations and necessity to refer cases to specialist units for rectification of adverse events. All these parameters should be basic requirements for those in cosmetic medical practice for their continued registration.

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The closing date for submissions is 5.00pm AEST 14 April 2022.

Your details

Name	Dr WEN-SHAN SUNG
Organisation (if applicable)	
Email address	

Your responses to the consultation questions

Codes and Guidelines

- 1. Do the current Guidelines for registered medical practitioners who perform cosmetic medical and surgical procedures adequately address issues relevant to the current and expected future practice of cosmetic surgery and contribute to safe practice that is within a practitioner's scope, qualifications, training and experience?
 - 1. These could indeed be improved. Currently there is no recognised specialty of Cosmetic Surgery, nor can there be, without a change in the National Law. Therefore no training programme is recognised by the AMC for cosmetic surgery, and the title "cosmetic surgeon" may be used by any medical practitioner. Patients are at risk, because they are unable to identify if the doctor offering cosmetic surgery has the relevant specific training and skill. Currently it is impossible to determine if a practitioner is operating within their scope of practice.
- 2. What changes are necessary and why? What additional areas should the guidelines address to achieve the above purpose?
 - The Endorsement model for practitioners performing cosmetic surgery should be adopted to protect the public. Those endorsed medical practitioners who have met a National Accreditation Standard should be on a public register.
- 3. Please provide any further comment in relation to the use of codes and guidelines relevant to the practice of cosmetic surgery.
 - 1. This standard would ensure that practitioners not only have a core surgical competence, but also that they have reached an acceptable level of competence and skill specifically in Cosmetic surgery. The practitioners would be required to be part of a recertification programme specific to cosmetic surgery. To ensure patient safety, this model would need to be applied to all doctors who perform cosmetic surgery irrespective of their prior backgrounds.

Management of notifications

- 4. Having regard to Ahpra and the Medical Board's powers and remit, what changes do you consider are necessary to the approach of Ahpra and the Medical Board in managing cosmetic surgery notifications, including their risk assessment process, and why?
- Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to the management of notifications about medical practitioners involved in cosmetic surgery.

Advertising restrictions

6.	Is Ahpra and the Medical Board's current approach to regulating advertising in cosmetic surgery sufficient?
7.	What should be improved and why and how?
8.	Do the current <u>Guidelines for advertising a regulated health service</u> adequately address risks in relation to advertising of cosmetic surgery, or is a more specific regulatory response required?
9.	Does the promotion of cosmetic surgery via social media raise any issues that are not adequately addressed by the advertising guidelines, or that require any specific regulatory response?
10.	. Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to the regulation of advertising.

Title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice

- 11. To what extent would establishing an endorsement in relation to the practice of cosmetic surgery address relevant issues of concern in the sector (including patient safety issues)?
- . Establishing an endorsement model would essentially protect patients from adverse outcomes. Those practitioners, who are endorsed to practice cosmetic surgery, would have the appropriate training and experience in cosmetic surgery. This would be clear to patients, because there would be an AHPRA administered Cosmetic Surgery Register identifying doctors who are endorsed for cosmetic surgery. Patients could then be rest assured that they are being treated by doctors who are operating within their scope of practice. A title restriction should be linked to a competency-based accreditation Standard/Register as proposed by the

College (ACCSM) by means of the Endorsement pathway provided for in Section 98 of National Law.

12. Would establishing an endorsement in relation to cosmetic surgery provide more clarity about the specific skills and qualifications of practitioners holding the endorsement?

Establishing an endorsement model would provide clarity to the consumer, about the specific skills and qualifications of practitioners holding the endorsement. It would identify those practitioners who have the core surgical training and competence, and *specific* cosmetic surgical training and competence as well as on-going professional education in cosmetic surgery.

- 13. What programs of study (existing or new) would provide appropriate qualifications?
- 13. The Australian College of Cosmetic Surgery and Medicine (ACCSM) is a well-recognised college, which has been established well over 30 years ago. This college is well equipped to provide appropriate qualifications for those practitioners to be endorsed in Cosmetic Surgery and Medicine.
- 14. Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to specialist title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice relevant to cosmetic surgery.

Specialist title protection is reserved for medical specialists who have been recognised by the AMC. Until this point, Cosmetic surgery and Cosmetic Medicine have not been specialist pathways recognised by the AMC, because there is no burden of disease. Failing being recognised by the AMC as a medical specialty, the endorsement model would be an appropriate way in which to regulate the cosmetic surgical industry. The title 'Cosmetic Surgeon' should be protected for those practitioners who have had specific recognised training in Cosmetic surgery. It is clear that specialist surgeons as recognised by the AMC do not have specific training in Cosmetic Surgery and specialist plastic surgeons qualify with a 'gap' in the area.

Cooperation with other regulators

15. Are there barriers to effective information flow and referral of matters between Ahpra and the Medical Board and other regulators?
16. If yes, what are the barriers, and what could be improved?
17. Do roles and responsibilities require clarification?

18. Please provide any further relevant comment about cooperating with other regulators.
Facilitating mandatory and voluntary notifications
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20. Are there things that prevent health practitioners from making notifications? If so, what?
21. What could be improved to enhance the reporting of safety concerns in the cosmetic
surgery sector?
22. Please provide any further relevant comment about facilitating notifications
Information to consumers
23. Do the Medical Board's current codes and guidelines adequately describe the
obligations of practitioners who perform cosmetic surgery to provide sufficient information to consumers and obtain informed consent?

The Medical Board's current codes and guidelines do not specifically outline a
practitioners training in cosmetic surgery. Currently consumers are left in doubt as
to whether their surgeon has had any specific training in cosmetic surgery, even if
their surgeon is a specialist surgeon as recognised by the AMC.

24.	If not.	what in	provements	could be	made?
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If the endorsement model is adopted for cosmetic surgery, it would allow the public to identify doctors who are trained and competent in cosmetic surgery, provide protection for patients before something goes wrong, facilitate AHPRA taking action more readily against doctors who may be practicing outside of their scope of practice, and by being competency- based and independently set and assessed, be fair to all practitioners and not favour any particular group of doctors on the basis of their non-cosmetic surgical training and qualifications

25.	Should codes or guideline	s include a requirement for practitioners to explain to pation	ents
	how to make a complaint	f dissatisfied?	

26. In the context of cosmetic surgery, does the Ahpra website and public register of practitioners provide sufficient information about medical practitioners to inform consumer choices?

The AHPRA website, and public register of practitioners does not provide adequate information to consumers to safely choose their cosmetic surgeon. There should be a list of endorsed practitioners available for consumers to readily identify those practitioners who are adequately trained in cosmetic surgery.

27. If not, what more could/should Ahpra and the Medical Board do to inform consumer choices?

AHPRA could provide a register of identified practitioners who have the necessary training in cosmetic surgery to perform such procedures safely

28. Is the notification and complaints process understood by consumers?

29. If not, what more could/should Ahpra and the Medical Board do to improve consumer understanding?

30. Please provide any further relevant comment about the provision of information to consumers.

It should be clear to consumers which doctor is trained *specifically* in cosmetic surgery, irrespective of their other previous training.

Further comment or suggestions

31. If you have any further comment relevant to Ahpra's and the Medical Board's regulation of cosmetic surgery including and/or suggestions for enhancements not mentioned in response to the above questions, please provide it here.

It is vital that consumers are made aware of the *specific* experience and qualifications of their cosmetic surgeon, in order for them to make informed choices regarding their surgery and choice of surgeon. I support the proposal for a national competency-based accreditation Standard for *all* doctors performing cosmetic surgery. There should be a register of Endorsement of those who have met, and maintain the national standard. Restriction of the title 'Cosmetic Surgeon' should be applied to those medical practitioners who appear on the Register, administered by AHPRA. Since the Australasian College of Cosmetic Surgery and Medicine is the *only* training body in Australia specifically focused on training practitioners in Cosmetic Medicine and Surgery, this college would be best equipped to train practitioners and enable them to maintain their level of competence and skill.



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Your details

Name	Rebecca Taylor
Organisation (if applicable)	
Email address	

Your responses to the consultation questions

Codes and Guidelines

1.	Do the current Guidelines for registered medical practitioners who perform cosmetic medical and surgical procedures adequately address issues relevant to the current and expected future practice of cosmetic surgery and contribute to safe practice that is within a practitioner's scope, qualifications, training and experience?
No,	I understand there is no regulated standard of training and experience.
2.	What changes are necessary and why? What additional areas should the guidelines address to achieve the above purpose?
	Please provide any further comment in relation to the use of codes and guidelines relevant to the practice of cosmetic surgery.
	ople contemplating cosmetic surgery should have access to fundamental information clarifying a geons actual experience and capability specific to the type of surgery.
Mar	nagement of notifications
4.	Having regard to Ahpra and the Medical Board's powers and remit, what changes do you consider are necessary to the approach of Ahpra and the Medical Board in managing cosmetic surgery notifications, including their risk assessment process, and why?
5.	Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to the management of notifications about medical practitioners involved in cosmetic surgery.
Adv	ertising restrictions
6.	Is Ahpra and the Medical Board's current approach to regulating advertising in cosmetic surgery sufficient?
With	hout full knowledge in the industry it would appear clear it is insufficient currently.

7.	What should be improved and why and how?
8.	Do the current <u>Guidelines for advertising a regulated health service</u> adequately address risks in relation to advertising of cosmetic surgery, or is a more specific regulatory response required?
9.	Does the promotion of cosmetic surgery via social media raise any issues that are not adequately addressed by the advertising guidelines, or that require any specific regulatory response?
10.	Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to the regulation of advertising.

Title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice

11. To what extent would establishing an endorsement in relation to the practice of cosmetic surgery address relevant issues of concern in the sector (including patient safety issues)?

Protecting people opting for cosmetic surgical procedures is absolutely necessary and a fundamental obligation of industry regulators and businesses profiting from cosmetic procedures.

Cosmetic surgery is currently not a specialty and so there are no official specialists.

Consumers are relying on word of mouth and the doctor's website and/ or advertisements. There is no clear way of knowing if the surgeon is trained or capable of the aesthetic outcomes desired, specific to cosmetic surgery.

If doctors who are properly trained and competent are endorsed to practice cosmetic surgery by the authorities, the public would be able to choose an endorsed doctor.

Why would Ahpra and the Medical Board NOT want to protect the public in this way?

12. Would establishing an endorsement in relation to cosmetic surgery provide more clarity about the specific skills and qualifications of practitioners holding the endorsement?
Yes
13. What programs of study (existing or new) would provide appropriate qualifications?
I do not know but obviously, it must be specifically about cosmetic surgery.
14. Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to specialist title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice relevant to cosmetic surgery.
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Further comment or suggestions

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It seems obvious that endorsement should be introduced. It will protect the public from untrained and unsafe practitioners. It is hard to think of any reason the public or anyone without a vested interest would not welcome it.



Response template for submissions to the *Independent review of* the regulation of medical practitioners who perform cosmetic surgery

You are invited to have your say about the regulation of medical practitioners (doctors) who perform cosmetic surgery by making a submission to this independent review.

The consultation questions from the consultation paper are outlined below. Submissions can address some or all of these questions, and you can include any evidence or examples that you think are relevant.

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Mr Andrew Brown, Independent Reviewer marked 'Submission to the independent review on cosmetic surgery' at CSReview@ahpra.gov.au.

The closing date for submissions is 5.00pm AEST 14 April 2022.

Your details

Name	Asha Thomson
Organisation (if applicable)	
Email address	

Your responses to the consultation questions

Codes and Guidelines

1. Do the current Guidelines for registered medical practitioners who perform cosmetic medical and surgical procedures adequately address issues relevant to the current and expected future practice of cosmetic surgery and contribute to safe practice that is within a practitioner's scope, qualifications, training and experience?

These could indeed be improved. Currently there is no recognised specialty of Cosmetic Surgery, nor can there be, without a change in the National Law. Therefore no training programme is recognised by the AMC for cosmetic surgery, and the title "cosmetic surgeon" may be used by any medical practitioner. Patients are at risk, because they are unable to identify if the doctor offering cosmetic surgery has the relevant *specific* training and skill. Currently it is impossible to determine if a practitioner is operating within their scope of practice.

The Endorsement model for practitioners performing cosmetic surgery should be adopted to protect the public. Those endorsed medical practitioners who have met a National Accreditation Standard should be on a public register.

This standard would ensure that practitioners not only have a core surgical competence, but also that they have reached an acceptable level of competence and skill *specifically* in Cosmetic surgery. The practitioners would be required to be part of a recertification programme specific to cosmetic surgery. To ensure patient safety, this model would need to be applied to *all doctors* who perform cosmetic surgery irrespective of their prior backgrounds.

2. What changes are necessary and why? What additional areas should the guidelines address to achieve the above purpose?

Establishing an endorsement model would essentially protect patients from adverse outcomes. Those practitioners, who are endorsed to practice cosmetic surgery, would have the appropriate training and experience in cosmetic surgery. This would be clear to patients, because there would be an AHPRA administered Cosmetic Surgery Register identifying doctors who are endorsed for cosmetic surgery. Patients could then be rest assured that they are being treated by doctors who are operating within their scope of practice. A title restriction should be linked to a competency-based accreditation Standard/Register as proposed by the College (ACCSM) by means of the Endorsement pathway provided for in Section 98 of National Law.

Establishing an endorsement model would provide clarity to the consumer, about the specific skills and qualifications of practitioners holding the endorsement. It would identify those practitioners who have the core surgical training and competence, and *specific* cosmetic surgical training and competence as well as on-going professional education in cosmetic surgery.

The Australian College of Cosmetic Surgery and Medicine (ACCSM) is a well-recognised college, which has been established well over 30 years ago. This college is well equipped to provide appropriate qualifications for those practitioners to be endorsed in Cosmetic Surgery and Medicine.

Specialist title protection is reserved for medical specialists who have been recognised by the AMC. Until this point, Cosmetic surgery and Cosmetic Medicine have not been specialist pathways recognised by the AMC, because there is no burden of disease. Failing being recognised by the AMC as a medical specialty, the endorsement model would be an appropriate way in which to regulate the cosmetic surgical industry. The title 'Cosmetic Surgeon' should be protected for those practitioners who have had specific recognised training in Cosmetic surgery. It is clear that specialist surgeons as recognised by the AMC do not have specific training in Cosmetic Surgery and specialist plastic surgeons qualify with a 'gap' in the area.

3. Please provide any further comment in relation to the use of codes and guidelines relevant to the practice of cosmetic surgery.

The Medical Board's current codes and guidelines do not specifically outline a practitioners training in cosmetic surgery. Currently consumers are left in doubt as to whether their surgeon has had any *specific* training in cosmetic surgery, even if their surgeon is a specialist surgeon as recognised by the AMC.

If the endorsement model is adopted for cosmetic surgery, it would allow the public to identify doctors who are trained and competent in cosmetic surgery, provide protection for patients before something goes wrong, facilitate AHPRA taking action more readily against doctors who may be practicing outside of their scope of practice, and by being competency- based and independently set and assessed, be fair to all practitioners and not favour any particular group of doctors on the basis of their non-cosmetic surgical training and qualifications

The AHPRA website, and public register of practitioners does not provide adequate information to consumers to safely choose their cosmetic surgeon. There should be a list of endorsed practitioners available for consumers to readily identify those practitioners who are adequately trained in cosmetic surgery.

AHPRA could provide a register of identified practitioners who have the necessary training in cosmetic surgery to perform such procedures safely.

It should be clear to consumers which doctor is trained *specifically* in cosmetic surgery, irrespective of their other previous training.

Management of notifications

4.	Having regard to Ahpra and the Medical Board's powers and remit, what changes do you
	consider are necessary to the approach of Ahpra and the Medical Board in managing
	cosmetic surgery notifications, including their risk assessment process, and why?

5. Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to the management of notifications about medical practitioners involved in cosmetic surgery.

It is vital that consumers are made aware of the *specific* experience and qualifications of their cosmetic surgeon, in order for them to make informed choices regarding their surgery and choice of surgeon. I support the proposal for a national competency-based accreditation Standard for *all* doctors performing cosmetic surgery. There should be a register of Endorsement of those who have met, and maintain the national standard. Restriction of the title 'Cosmetic Surgeon' should be applied to those medical practitioners who appear on the Register, administered by AHPRA.

Since the Australasian College of Cosmetic Surgery and Medicine is the *only* training body in Australia specifically focused on training practitioners in Cosmetic Medicine and Surgery, this college would be best equipped to train practitioners and enable them to maintain their level of competence and skill.

Advertising restrictions

6.	Is Ahpra and the Medical Board's current approach to regulating advertising in cosmetic surgery sufficient?
7.	What should be improved and why and how?
8.	Do the current <u>Guidelines for advertising a regulated health service</u> adequately address risks in relation to advertising of cosmetic surgery, or is a more specific regulatory response required?
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Title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice

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12. Would establishing an endorsement in relation to cosmetic surgery provide more clarity about the specific skills and qualifications of practitioners holding the endorsement?

Establishing an endorsement model would provide clarity to the consumer, about the specific skills and qualifications of practitioners holding the endorsement. It would identify those practitioners who have the core surgical training and competence, and *specific* cosmetic surgical training and competence as well as on-going professional education in cosmetic surgery.

- 13. What programs of study (existing or new) would provide appropriate qualifications?
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Cooperation with other regulators

15. Are there barriers to effective information flow and referral of matters between Ahpra and the Medical Board and other regulators?
16. If yes, what are the barriers, and what could be improved?
17. Do roles and responsibilities require clarification?

18. Please provide any further relevant comment about cooperating with other regulators.
Facilitating mandatory and voluntary notifications
19. Do the Medical Board's current mandatory notifications guidelines adequately explain
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25.	Should codes or guidelines	include a requirement	for practitioners to	explain to patients
	how to make a complaint if	dissatisfied?		

26. In the context of cosmetic surgery, does the Ahpra website and public register of practitioners provide sufficient information about medical practitioners to inform consumer choices?

The AHPRA website, and public register of practitioners does not provide adequate information to consumers to safely choose their cosmetic surgeon. There should be a list of endorsed practitioners available for consumers to readily identify those practitioners who are adequately trained in cosmetic surgery.

27. If not, what more could/should Ahpra and the Medical Board do to inform consumer choices?

AHPRA could provide a register of identified practitioners who have the necessary training in cosmetic surgery to perform such procedures safely

28. Is the notification and complaints process understood by consumers?

29. If not, what more could/should Ahpra and the Medical Board do to improve consumer understanding?

30. Please provide any further relevant comment about the provision of information to consumers.

It should be clear to consumers which doctor is trained *specifically* in cosmetic surgery, irrespective of their other previous training.

Further comment or suggestions

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Mr Andrew Brown, Independent Reviewer marked 'Submission to the independent review on cosmetic surgery' at CSReview@ahpra.gov.au.

The closing date for submissions is 5.00pm AEST 14 April 2022.

Your details

Name	Katrina Tilbrook
Organisation (if applicable)	
Email address	

Your responses to the consultation questions

Codes and Guidelines

1.	Do the current Guidelines for registered medical practitioners who perform cosmetic medical and surgical procedures adequately address issues relevant to the current and expected future practice of cosmetic surgery and contribute to safe practice that is within a practitioner's scope, qualifications, training and experience?
No	, because they do not have an expected standard of training and experience.
2.	What changes are necessary and why? What additional areas should the guidelines address to achieve the above purpose?
3.	Please provide any further comment in relation to the use of codes and guidelines relevant to the practice of cosmetic surgery.
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10.	Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to the regulation of advertising.

Title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice

11. To what extent would establishing an endorsement in relation to the practice of cosmetic surgery address relevant issues of concern in the sector (including patient safety issues)?

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Cosmetic surgery is not a specialty and so there are no official specialists. Other than word of mouth and the doctor's own website and advertisements, the public has no way of knowing if he or she trained in cosmetic surgery or not.

If doctors who are properly trained and competent are endorsed to practice cosmetic surgery by the authorities, the public would be able to choose an endorsed doctor.

Why would Ahpra and the Medical Board NOT want to protect the public in this way?

12. Would establishing an endorsement in relation to cosmetic surgery provide more clarity about the specific skills and qualifications of practitioners holding the endorsement?
Yes
13. What programs of study (existing or new) would provide appropriate qualifications?
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The closing date for submissions is 5.00pm AEST 14 April 2022.

Your details

Name	Beverley Town
Organisation (if applicable)	
Email address	

Your responses to the consultation questions

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The closing date for submissions is 5.00pm AEST 14 April 2022.

Your details

Name	Dr Godfrey Town Ph.D.
Organisation (if applicable)	
Email address	

Your responses to the consultation questions

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No, because they do not have an expected standard of specialist customised training and experience needed.
2. What changes are necessary and why? What additional areas should the guidelines address to achieve the above purpose?
Please provide any further comment in relation to the use of codes and guidelines relevant to the practice of cosmetic surgery.
Commonwealth-wide guidelines are needed for specialist areas of treatment e.g., laser and light-based therapies. Numerous examples can be found in published literature that could be formally adopted across all states.
Management of notifications
4. Having regard to Ahpra and the Medical Board's powers and remit, what changes do you consider are necessary to the approach of Ahpra and the Medical Board in managing cosmetic surgery notifications, including their risk assessment process, and why?
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If doctors who are properly trained and competent are endorsed to practice cosmetic surgery by the authorities, the public would be able to choose an endorsed doctor.
Why would Ahpra and the Medical Board NOT want to protect the public in this way?

about the specific skills and qualifications of practitioners holding the endorsement?
Yes, definitely.
13. What programs of study (existing or new) would provide appropriate qualifications?
The programs of study must be specifically about cosmetic surgery.
Please provide any further relevant comment in relation to specialist title protection and endorsement for approved areas of practice relevant to cosmetic surgery.
Only doctors or specialists who are endorsed in cosmetic surgery should be allowed to call themselves cosmetic surgeons.
Cooperation with other regulators
15. Are there barriers to effective information flow and referral of matters between Ahpra and the Medical Board and other regulators?
16. If yes, what are the barriers, and what could be improved?
17. Do roles and responsibilities require clarification?
18. Please provide any further relevant comment about cooperating with other regulators.

12. Would establishing an endorsement in relation to cosmetic surgery provide more clarity

Facilitating mandatory and voluntary notifications

19. Do the Medical Board's current mandatory notifications guidelines adequately explain the mandatory reporting obligations?	
20. Are there things that prevent health practitioners from making notifications? If so, what?	
21. What could be improved to enhance the reporting of safety concerns in the cosmetic surgery sector?	
22. Please provide any further relevant comment about facilitating notifications	
Information to consumers	
23. Do the Medical Board's current codes and guidelines adequately describe the obligations of practitioners who perform cosmetic surgery to provide sufficient information to consumers and obtain informed consent?	
24. If not, what improvements could be made?	
25. Should codes or guidelines include a requirement for practitioners to explain to patients how to make a complaint if dissatisfied?	
Yes and a summary of how to make a complaint should be made readily available in clinic reception areas.	

Further comment or suggestions

31. If you have any further comment relevant to Ahpra's and the Medical Board's regulation of cosmetic surgery including and/or suggestions for enhancements not mentioned in response to the above questions, please provide it here.

It seems obvious that endorsement should be introduced. It will protect the public from untrained and unsafe practitioners. It is hard to think of any reason the public or anyone without a vested interest would not welcome it.