

## **Health Profession Agreement**

## Podiatry Board of Australia (the National Board) and

## The Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (AHPRA)

## 2015/16

#### Health Profession Agreement

#### Preamble

The purpose of the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (**the National Law**), as in force in each state and territory, is to establish the National Registration and Accreditation Scheme (**the National Scheme**). The National Scheme has six key objectives set out in s.3(2) of the National Law. In summary, the objectives are to:

- protect public safety,
- facilitate workforce mobility for health practitioners,
- facilitate high-quality education and training of health practitioners,
- facilitate assessment of overseas-trained health practitioners,
- facilitate access to health services, and
- development of a flexible, responsive and sustainable health workforce.

Fourteen National Boards and the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (**AHPRA**) work in partnership to achieve these objectives, with different and complementary functions.

The Health Profession Agreement (**HPA**) is a statutory instrument. The Podiatry Board of Australia (**National Board**) and AHPRA are required to negotiate in good faith and attempt to come to an agreement on the terms of the HPA. Although the National Board does not have the power to enter into contracts generally (as provided for in s.32(2)(a)), the National Law clearly intends that the National Board can agree and enter into an HPA with AHPRA. Furthermore, the National Board and AHPRA are each a separate body corporate, capable of reaching agreements between themselves.

The following schedules to this HPA record AHPRA and the National Board's agreement on these matters: fees (Schedule 3); the National Board's annual budget (Schedule 4); and the services AHPRA is to provide (Schedule 1).

The National Law also requires each National Board to publish on its website the fees agreed to in this HPA.

#### Accountabilities

#### **Ministerial Council**

Ultimate accountability to the public for the performance of the National Scheme rests with the parliaments of participating jurisdictions, through the Australian Health Workforce Ministerial Council (**the Ministerial Council**). The Ministerial Council appoints AHPRA's Agency Management Committee and National Boards, and formally holds these bodies to account.

#### National Boards

A National Board is a body corporate with perpetual succession, has a common seal, and may sue and be sued in its corporate name. A National Board does not have power to enter into contracts, or employ staff, or acquire, hold, dispose of, and deal with, real property.

The principal regulatory decision-makers in the National Scheme are the National Boards and their committees, including, where relevant, State and Territory or Regional Boards. AHPRA undertakes delegated functions on behalf of the National Boards and provides services to the National Boards. National Boards are accountable to the community through the mechanism of the Ministerial Council and parliamentary reporting for the quality of their regulatory decisions, and through the court system and relevant administrative review bodies for the legality of their regulatory decisions. While National Boards can propose regulatory procedures, they do not establish or administer them. National Boards have specific 'oversight' roles in relation to the assessment of overseas qualifications, monitoring of practitioners and the receipt, assessment and investigation of notifications. Without the power to employ staff or enter into contracts, National Boards to hold AHPRA to account is through this HPA. The HPA includes performance indicators to support the performance of National Boards' oversight functions.

#### AHPRA

AHPRA is a body corporate with perpetual succession, has a common seal, and may sue and be sued in its corporate name. AHPRA has all the powers of an individual and in particular, may enter into contracts, or employ staff, or acquire, hold, dispose of, and deal with, real and personal property, and do anything necessary or convenient to be done in the exercise of its functions.

AHPRA's Agency Management Committee directs and controls the affairs of AHPRA, and sets its policy directions. The Agency Management Committee is accountable for the performance of AHPRA's functions, which include the establishment of regulatory procedures, financial management and administration of the Scheme. AHPRA is solely responsible for administering the Agency Fund, which has an account for each National Board. Payments out of a National Board's account may be made only if the payment is in accordance with the National Board's budget, as agreed as part of this Health Profession Agreement, or otherwise approved by the National Board. To enable it to perform the executive functions within the Scheme, AHPRA has powers to employ staff and enter into contracts. AHPRA provides administrative assistance and support to National Boards and their committees to exercise their functions.

AHPRA and the National Board can be described as governance partners in the National Scheme. This is largely because AHPRA relies on National Boards to perform their functions consistent with the National Law objectives and in line with procedures established by AHPRA for ensuring effective and efficient operation of National Boards and to comply with procedures for development of professional standards that are in accordance with good regulatory practice.

The Agency Management Committee is accountable for ensuring that the corporate functions that are essential to any contemporary regulatory organisation are in place. This means that corporate services, including human resources, business planning, financial management and facilities management, are generally not specified in the services AHPRA is to provide (Schedule 1) except where the service deliverable is provided directly to the National Boards.

#### Purpose of this Agreement

The purpose of a HPA is described in s.26(1) of the National Law, which provides that AHPRA must enter into a HPA with a National Board that makes provision for:

- fees payable by health practitioners and others in relation to the health profession for which the National Board is established,
- the National Board's annual budget,
- the services to be provided to the National Board by AHPRA to enable the National Board to carry out its functions.

This HPA outlines agreement between the National Board and AHPRA on their general approach to performing their reciprocal obligations to ensure a common understanding and that the National Scheme operates with regard to its objectives and guiding principles.

#### Scope of this Agreement

This Agreement is for the period 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016.

The National Board agrees to authorise the Chair of the Board (or his/her nominee) to act as liaison officer with respect to the Agreement. AHPRA agrees to authorise the Executive Director, Strategy and Policy to act as liaison officer with respect to the Agreement.

#### Partnership principles

To achieve the objectives of the National Law through different and complementary functions, the National Board and AHPRA understand that a sustainable partnership is essential.

This understanding is supported by a set of core partnership principles (**the Partnership Principles**). The National Board and AHPRA will ensure that these Partnership Principles underpin all our work. While differences in context may require different approaches, both parties will ensure that their respective activities respect these four Partnership Principles:

- Shared vision and values
- Integrity through interdependence
- Transparency and mutual accountability
- Commitment to joint learning

In particular, the National Board will do everything it can to make its requirements clear, and AHPRA will do everything it can to provide the services required by the National Board to perform its functions.

Each of the Partnership Principles is described in detail below.

#### 1. Shared vision and values

## This partnership between the National Board and AHPRA is built on a shared vision for a competent and flexible health workforce that meets the needs of the Australian community.

While recognising and respecting the different and complementary functions of the National Board and AHPRA, there must be common ground in the approach the National Board and AHPRA take to implementing the National Scheme. The National Board and AHPRA share a commitment to the objectives and guiding principles of the National Scheme and the eight regulatory principles (**Regulatory Principles**) that will shape our thinking about regulatory decision-making.

In our shared principles, we balance all the objectives of the National Scheme, but our primary consideration is to protect the public in accordance with good regulatory practice.

The Regulatory Principles incorporate the concept of risk-based regulation. This means that in all areas of our work we:

- identify the risks that we are obliged to respond to,
- assess the likelihood and possible consequences of the risks, and
- respond in ways that are proportionate and manage risks so we can adequately protect the public.

In recognising our different and complementary functions, the National Board and AHPRA have agreed on an accountability framework for the National Scheme (**the Accountability Framework**).

The Accountability Framework recognises that all entities in the National Scheme are ultimately accountable to the Australian public through the the Ministerial Council.

One of the recognised features of the National Scheme is that our structure provides for governance and accountability across the entities in the National Scheme for their performance. The effective delivery of professional regulation relies on strong partnerships between entities based on clear and agreed roles and functions. Our Accountability Framework is designed to articulate a shared understanding regarding who is accountable for what within the National Scheme and aims to provide clarity about the distinct and complementary roles of the different entities, and their respective duties and obligations.

#### 2. Integrity through interdependence

In exercising our different and complementary functions, the National Board and AHPRA will strive for mutual respect and to promote the integrity of the National Scheme. We are aware we have interdependent and complementary functions. The National Board and AHPRA will work to manage any tensions that arise through our consultation processes and the Accountability Framework.

We will each take responsibility for clearly communicating our positions to each other. We are each open to being challenged by the other, and we will each create opportunities for dialogue and debate around our respective approach, results and impact. While the National Board and AHPRA are each independent entities, we recognise that neither can meaningfully exist outside of the context of the relationship defined by the National Law. We agree to respect the other's functions as set out in the National Law.

For example, AHPRA acknowledges its obligation to consult the National Board when developing procedures for the operation of the National Board, and will endeavour to incorporate the National Board's feedback into those procedures. The National Board respects that AHPRA must endeavour to establish common procedures that apply to all National Boards and undertakes to comply with those procedures once finalised.

The National Board and AHPRA also have complementary duties in relation to financial management. AHPRA is accountable for the management of the Agency Fund and for ensuring that all expenditure from the National Board's account is consistent with the National Law, in accordance with the National Board's annual budget (or with the approval of the National Board if a change to the agreed budget), and as far as possible represents reasonable value for money. Accountability for expenditure rests with the AHPRA financial delegate who approves that expenditure, including payments to enable the National Board to exercise its functions. The National Board respects this role and undertakes to support AHPRA in fulfilling this role and its obligations under the National Law generally.

#### 3. Transparency and mutual accountability

# The HPA is the formal mechanism by which we hold each other to account, in accordance with the National Law and the Accountability Framework. It incorporates a transparent reporting framework to ensure that reciprocal obligations can be monitored.

The Agency Management Committee is formally accountable for AHPRA's performance of its functions. The National Board relies on AHPRA to deliver services to it in order for it to carry out its functions. In turn AHPRA relies on National Boards to perform their functions consistent with the National Law objectives and in line with procedures established by AHPRA for ensuring effective and efficient operation of National Boards and procedures for development of professional standards that are in accordance with good regulatory practice.

Schedule 1 to this HPA outlines the services to be provided to the National Board by AHPRA to enable the National Board to carry out its functions. It also includes information about AHPRA's performance of its own statutory functions. Schedule 1 also includes profession-specific services and any discretionary services the National Board may request of AHPRA.

In addition, the HPA supports the National Board to fulfil its specific oversight functions in respect of:

- the assessment of overseas trained registration applicants who do not hold approved qualifications
- the assessment and investigation of matters about persons who-
  - are or were registered health practitioners, or
    - are students in the health profession,
- the management of registered health practitioners and students in the health profession, including monitoring conditions, undertakings and suspensions imposed on the registration of the practitioners or students.

In order to exercise these functions, the National Board must be given the opportunity to review timely information regarding relevant activities undertaken by AHPRA and the National Boards' delegates, to

raise questions and concerns and to suggest actions to remediate problems. AHPRA undertakes to ensure that performance reports will be provided to the National Board to fulfil these oversight functions; in particular these reports will include details of the timeliness, cost and quality of regulatory procedures and services AHPRA provides to the National Board. The performance reports AHPRA will provide, and the performance indicators underpinning them, are set out in Schedule 5 to this HPA.

#### 4. Commitment to joint learning

The National Board and AHPRA agree to promote continuous and systematic learning regarding the National Scheme. We will evaluate the outcomes of business and regulatory processes and use data generated by the National Scheme to better understand the risks we manage and the effectiveness of our actions.

Our learning agenda will explore both partnership processes and outcomes. We will take an evaluative approach to regulation that uses data to identify risks and measure our effectiveness in managing them. The National Board and AHPRA both have an interest in understanding the factors, including ways of working, which are the hallmarks of successful partnerships. We will work together to ensure that joint learning is used regularly to adjust our future strategy and plans as we strive for increased efficiency and effectiveness of the National Scheme.

The National Board and AHPRA are committed to the efficient management and continuous improvement of their respective functions.

#### **Dispute resolution**

The National Law provides that any failure to reach agreement between National Boards and AHPRA on matters relating the HPA is to be referred to the Ministerial Council for resolution.

The National Board and AHPRA have a commitment to resolve problems or disputes promptly. However, if a dispute arises regarding this HPA, as partners we will use our best endeavours to resolve the dispute fairly and promptly.

If the dispute cannot be resolved, the matter will be referred to the AHPRA Chief Executive Officer and the Chair of the National Board. If the dispute still cannot be resolved, it will be referred to the Chair of AHPRA's Agency Management Committee and the Chair of the National Board.

Either the Chair of AHPRA's Agency Management Committee or the Chair of the National Board may request the appointment of an independent, accredited mediator at any stage in the process.

If we are still unable to agree on the matter, we will seek direction from the Ministerial Council about how the dispute should be resolved.

#### Review

The National Board and AHPRA agree to review this HPA on an annual basis.

#### Schedules

Schedule 1:	Summary of Services to be provided to the National Board by AHPRA to enable the National Board to carry out its functions
Schedule 2:	Summary of National Board's regulatory work plan
Schedule 3:	Fees payable by health practitioners
Schedule 4:	Summary of National Board's annual budget
Schedule 5:	Strategic performance and management framework

This Agreement is made between

#### The Podiatry Board of Australia (National Board)

and

The Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (AHPRA)

Signed for and on behalf of AHPRA by: Signed for and on behalf of the Podiatry Board of Australia by: Mel Fletch Signature of Chief Executive Officer Signature of the National Board Chair Mr Martin Fletcher Ms Catherine Loughry Date 3 Septender 2017 Date: 3 September 2015

Schedule 1: Summary of services to be provided to the National Board by AHPRA to enable the National Board to carry out its functions

#### 1. Regulatory services, procedures and processes

1.1	Registrations	
Core		Profession Specific
1.1.1	Develop, implement and regularly review nationally consistent procedures for the registration of health practitioners	<ul> <li>Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory work plan and annual budget.</li> </ul>
1.1.2	Manage practitioner registration, renewal and audit	
1.1.3	Maintain a public register of health practitioners	
1.1.4	Maintain a register of health practitioner students	
1.1.5	Promote online registration services to health practitioners	
1.1.6	Operation of examinations (if required) is agreed between AHPRA and the National Board	

#### 1.2 Notifications

Core		Profession Specific
1.2.1	Develop, implement and regularly review nationally consistent procedures to receive and deal with notifications against persons who are or were registered health practitioners and students	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory work plan and annual budget.
1.2.2	Manage the end to end notification process	
1.2.3	Establish and maintain relationships with co-regulatory authorities.	

4 0	Compliance	
1.3	Compliance	

Core		Profession Specific
1.3.1	Develop compliance policy, process and systems	<ul> <li>Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's</li> <li>regulatory work plan and annual budget.</li> </ul>
1.3.2	Manage practitioners with registration restrictions, suspension or cancellation	
1.3.3	Oversee the ongoing development and reporting of performance measures for monitoring of practitioners compliance	

1.4	Legal Services	
Core		Profession Specific
1.4.1	Provide legal advice to support effective and lawful registration and notifications procedures, and hearing panels processes	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory work plan and annual budget.
1.4.2	Provide oversight for all Tribunal matters involving AHPRA and the National Boards	

#### 2. Governance and Secretariat

2.1	Governance	
Core		Profession Specific
2.1.1	Develop and administer procedures to support effective and efficient National Board and committee operations	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory work plan and annual budget.
2.1.2	Provide National Board member orientation, induction and professional development	
2.1.3	Support working relationships with relevant committees	

2.2	Secretariat	
Core		Profession Specific
2.2.1	Provide secretariat and administrative support for National Board meetings	
2.2.2	Provide secretariat and administrative support for National Board committee meetings	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory work plan and annual budget.
2.2.3	Provide panel hearing secretariat support	
2.2.4	Provide secretariat and policy support for governance forums, including the Forum of Chairs and its sub-committees	

#### 3. Communication and Engagement

3.1	Communication	
Core		Profession Specific
3.1.1	Develop, implement and review communication strategies, tools and guidelines	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory work plan
3.1.2	Develop and release National Board communiqués	

3.1.3	Review and release National Board media releases	and annual budget.
3.1.4	Develop and maintain National Board website and resources	
3.1.5	Coordinate and manage the production of the AHPRA annual report and other publications	
3.1.6	Provide communications support for crisis and issue management	
3.1.7	Develop and produce National Board newsletters and news updates	
3.1.8	Develop Branding for National Board and AHPRA Communication	
3.1.9	Report on relevant media coverage	
3.1.10	Manage social media	

#### 3.2 Engagement

Core		Profession Specific
3.2.1	Engage with external stakeholders	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory work plan and annual budget.
3.2.2	Manage intergovernmental relations	
3.2.3	Undertake consultation to support cross-profession strategies and guidelines	
3.2.4	Engage with external advisory groups	
3.2.5	Monitor stakeholder engagement activities	

#### 4. Planning and Reporting

4.1	Planning	
Core		Profession Specific
4.1.1	Inform and support the NRAS Strategy	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory work plan and annual budget.
4.1.2	Develop and implement AHPRA Business Plan	
4.1.3	Develop and implement National Board Regulatory Work Plan	
4.1.4	HPA engagement and development	

4.2 Reporting

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Core		Profession Specific
4.2.1	Develop and report on outcomes related to National Boards' regulatory functions and AHPRA's administrative assistance and support to National Boards and the Boards' committees, in exercising their functions.	Profession-specific services, as listed in
4.2.2	Establish corporate audit and compliance monitoring and reporting	the National Board's regulatory work plan and annual budget.
4.2.3	Fulfil annual reporting requirements	

#### 5. Policy and Accreditation

5.1	Policy	
Core		Profession Specific
5.1.1	Maintain procedures for the development of registration standards, codes and guidelines	
5.1.2	Develop, review and implement cross-profession standards, codes and guidelines	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's
5.1.3	Assist National Boards to develop, review and implement cross- profession regulatory policy	regulatory work plan and annual budget.
5.1.4	Provide tools to support regulatory policy development, review and evaluation	

#### 5.2 Accreditation

Collectory of the		and a second	
Core		Profession Specific	
5.2.1	Support National Boards to oversight effective delivery of accreditation functions	Profession-specific	
5.2.2	Support accreditation committees to deliver the accreditation functions, where applicable	services, as listed in the National Board's regulatory work plan and annual budget.	
5.2.3	Maintain procedures for the development of accreditation standards		

#### 6. Data, Research and Analysis

#### **Evidence Acquisition** 6.1

Core		Profession Specific
6.1.1	Assist National Boards to define and articulate regulatory	Profession-specific

	evidence requirements	services, as listed in the National Board's
6.1.2	Provide advice to National Boards about proposed research and analytical projects	regulatory work plan and annual budget.
6.1.3	Provide descriptive statistics for all professions	
6.1.4	Undertake cross-profession regulatory risk analyses	
6.1.5	Monitor and research cross-profession regulatory policy and trends	
6.1.6	Develop and implement robust regulatory evaluation methodologies	
6.1.7	Liaise with external stakeholders regarding the annual Health Workforce Survey questionnaires	
6.1.8	Broker and maintain formal strategic data and research partnerships with external organisations	

6.2	Data governance and organisational capacity		
Core		Profession Specific	
6.2.1	Develop, implement and manage governance process and procedures for data access, release and exchange		
6.2.2	Develop and maintain core statistical infrastructure to support internal and external research and analyses	Profession-specific services, as listed in the National Board's	
6.2.3	Provide tools and training to support evidence informed regulatory policy development	regulatory work plan and annual budget.	
6.2.4	Develop organisational infrastructure for delivering regulatory research		

Schedule 2: Summary of National Board's regulatory work plan

Podiatry Board of Australia work plan desired outcomes

X	Key Strategic Priorities	De	Desired regulatory outcomes of the Board
~	. Foster effective relationships with AHPRA and the Board's accreditation authority to ensure quality	•	Work in partnership with AHPRA to develop and strengthen pathways to registration and endorsement
	delivery of the National Registration and Accreditation Scheme	•	Work with ANZPAC to ensure the effective delivery of the accreditation function
5.		•	Complete the review of the current standards, codes, guidelines and policies by the end of 2015
	and appropriate guidance to the podiatry profession.	•	Complete the review of the Board's requirements for endorsement for scheduled medicines and associated supporting documentation
		•	Review the current Guidelines for clinical records
		•	Explore appropriate regulatory response to emerging techniques and technologies
		•	Identify requirements for new standards, guidelines and policies and allocate resources for their development
<i>ю</i> .	Drive national consistency of standards, processes and decision-making	•	Work with AHPRA other National Boards to increase national and inter-professional consistency through cross-board collaboration and engagement with state and territory offices.
4.		•	Continue to:
	performance and conduct of health practitioners	٠	improve the timelines of notifications management;
		•	focus on maintaining the improvements made; and
3		•	effectively manage risks associated with regulatory decision making.
5.	. Adopt contemporary business and service delivery models	٠	Ensure robust and effective processes are in place for quality delivery of the national registration and accreditation scheme.

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X	Key Strategic Priorities	De	Desired regulatory outcomes of the Board	
9	<ol> <li>Engender the confidence and respect of health practitioners</li> </ol>	• •	The Board operates in a transparent, accountable, efficient, effective and fair way Develop, implement and effectively communicate clear and appropriate professional standards and guidelines for the podiatry profession.	
7	7. Foster community and stakeholder awareness of and engagement with health practitioner regulation	•	Ensure that communication with key stakeholders about the regulation, registration and training of the podiatry profession is effective, appropriate and timely.	
œ	<ol> <li>Use data to monitor and improve policy advice and decision-making</li> </ol>	•	Improve the use of data generated by the scheme to answer important questions of relevance to the scheme's objectives, with a particular focus on the podiatry profession.	
0	<ol> <li>Become a recognised leader in professional regulation.</li> </ol>	• •	The Board has effective, contemporary governance in line with its regulatory obligations The Board contributes to the longer term achievement of the national scheme's public safety and workforce flexibility objectives, through forward looking and pro-active policy leadership.	

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## Schedule 3: Fees payable by health practitioners

#### PODIATRY BOARD OF AUSTRALIA

ltem	National fee (\$)	Surcharge for NSW registrants (\$)	Fee for registrants with principal place of practice in NSW (\$)
Application fee for general registration	189	0	189
Application fee for specialist registration	189	0	189
Application fee for limited registration	189	0	189
Application fee for non-practising registration	95	0	95
Application fee for endorsement of registration	189	0	189
Application fee for fast track application	95	0	95
Application fee to add specialist registration to current general registration	48	0	48
Registration fee for general registration	378	52	430
Registration fee for specialist registration	378	52	430
Registration fee for limited registration	378	52	430
Registration fee for non-practising registration	189	0	189
Late renewal fee for general registration	95	0	95
Late renewal fee for specialist registration	95	0	95
Late renewal fee for limited registration	95	0	95
Late renewal fee for non-practising registration	48	0	48
Replacement registration certificate	20	0	20
Extract from the register	10	0	10
Copy of the register (if application is assessed as in the public interest)	2,000	0	2,000
Verification of registration status (Certificate of Registration Status)	50	0	50

### Schedule 4: Summary of National Board's annual budget

#### PODIATRY BOARD OF AUSTRALIA

#### Income and expenditure budget and balance sheet summary, budget notes

#### SUMMARY BUDGET 2015/16

Item	\$
Income	
Registration (see note 1)	\$1,578,400
Application income	\$72,100
Interest	\$72,900
Late Fees and Fast Track Fees	\$9,400
Other income *	\$1,200
Total Income	\$1,734,000
Expenses	
Board and committee expenses (see note 2)	\$303,400
Legal, tribunal costs and expert advice (see note 3)	\$82,600
Accreditation (see note 4)	\$153,200
Office of the Health Ombudsman (Queensland)	\$17,200
Other direct expenditure (see note 5)	\$140,100
Indirect expenditure (see note 6)	\$802,300
Total Expenses	\$1,498,800
Net Surplus (Deficit)	\$235,200

#### **BUDGET NOTES**

1. Registrant numbers	<ul> <li>The registration income is derived from the following assumptions:</li> <li>Budgeted registrants invited to renew at next renewal period: 4,272</li> <li>Budgeted lapse rate of renewals:</li></ul>
2. Board and committee expenses	This covers the meeting costs of the Board and its committees, which have the delegated authority to make decisions about individual registered practitioners. Costs include sitting fees, travel and accommodation while attending meetings for the Board and its committees.
3. Legal, tribunal costs, and expert advice	Note: These legal costs do not include the significant proportion of the Board's direct costs (including sitting fees) and a substantial amount of the work of national committees also relates to managing and assessing notifications.
	A substantial proportion of the staff costs in each state and territory office relate directly to staff who support work about notifications about practitioners as well as introducing nationally consistent systems and processes to manage notifications.
4. Accreditation	Accreditation expenses include the costs of funding provided to the Australian and New Zealand Podiatry Accreditation Council (ANZPAC) for accreditation functions and projects.
5. Other direct expenditure	Costs associated with the Board's work on registration standards, policies and guidelines. See Schedule 2: Summary of National Board's regulatory work plan.
	<ul> <li>This includes the following activities:</li> <li>costs involved in consultation with the community and the profession</li> <li>engagement of consultants necessary to support the work of the Board</li> <li>publication of material to guide the profession, such as the Board's newsletter</li> <li>Board member professional development</li> <li>policy development and projects.</li> </ul>

		Total\$802,300
		The increased indirect expenditure in 2015/16 reflects both a realignment of staff expenses from direct attribution to indirect, in addition to significant investment in critical service infrastructure. This investment includes replacing existing information systems, and remove inefficiencies in our operational model and existing processes to improve performance in the delivery of the National Scheme.
		Proportion of indirect costs allocated to the Board is 0.50%. The percentage allocation for the Board in 2014/15 was 0.50%.
6. Indirect exp	enditure	Indirect costs are shared by the National Boards, based on an agreed formula. The percentage is based on an analysis of historical and financial data to estimate the proportion of costs required to regulate the profession. Costs include salaries, systems and communication, property and administration costs.
		AHPRA supports the work of the National Boards by employing all staff and providing systems and infrastructure to manage core regulatory functions (registration, notifications, compliance and professional standards), as well as the support services necessary to run a national organisation with eight state and territory offices, and support all National Boards and their committees.
		The 2015/16 AHPRA business plan sets out AHPRA objectives for 2015/16 and how they will be achieved.

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#### Schedule 5: Strategic performance and management framework

#### New performance reporting framework

At its June 2015 meeting, the National Board advised that its preference of frequency of volume and trend data is quarterly, and approved the quarterly AHPRA performance report and volume and trend reports be inserted into Schedule 5 of the Health Profession Agreement.

The reporting framework will be finalised by the end of Quarter 1 of 2015/16.