

# Public consultation: Regulation of health practitioners who perform and who advertise non-surgical cosmetic procedures

The Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (Ahpra) and the National Boards are reforming the regulation of registered health practitioners who work in the non-surgical cosmetic procedures sector in Australia to improve practice and standards, public safety, and provide opportunities for more informed consumer choice. Ahpra and the National Boards are consulting on three documents related to the regulation of registered health practitioners who provide and who advertise non-surgical cosmetic procedures:

- 1. Guidelines for nurses who perform non-surgical cosmetic procedures (nurses practice guidelines—applies to nurses only)
- 2. Guidelines for registered health practitioners who perform non-surgical cosmetic procedures (shared practice guidelines excluding medical practitioners and nurses), and
- 3. Guidelines for registered health practitioners who advertise non-surgical cosmetic procedures (advertising guidelines applies to all registered health practitioners).

The three proposed draft guidelines are intended to set out what National Boards expect of registered health practitioners working and advertising in this sector and provide clarity for consumers considering non-surgical cosmetic procedures about the standards expected of practitioners.

As the three proposed draft guidelines are all related to non-surgical cosmetic procedures, Ahpra and the National Boards are consulting on all three guidelines together. Feedback is welcome on any or all of the three draft guidelines.

We welcome feedback from organisations, registered health practitioners and the public.

There are some initial demographic questions and then questions on each of the guidelines we are consulting on. All questions are optional, and you are welcome to respond to any you find relevant, or that you have a view on.

The consultation questions are different in some sections as National Boards are intentionally consulting on the questions most relevant to the professions they regulate.

Your feedback will help us to understand your views and help National Boards set clear standards for registered health practitioners in the non-surgical cosmetic procedures sector, for the protection of the public.

Please email your submission to <a href="mailto:AhpraConsultation@ahpra.gov.au">AhpraConsultation@ahpra.gov.au</a>

Consultation is open for 10 weeks. The submission deadline is close of business 2 February 2024.

# How do we use the information you provide?

The survey is voluntary. All survey information collected will be treated confidentially and anonymously. Data collected will only be used for the purposes described above.

We may publish data from this survey in all internal documents and any published reports. When we do this, we ensure that any personal or identifiable information is removed.

Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency
National Boards
GPO Box 9958 Melbourne VIC 3001 Ahpra.gov.au 1300 419 495

Ahpra and the National Boards regulate these registered health professions: Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander health practice, Chinese medicine, chiropractic, dental, medical, medical radiation practice, midwifery, nursing, occupational therapy, optometry, osteopathy, paramedicine, pharmacy, physiotherapy, podiatry and psychology.

We do not share your personal information associated with our surveys with any party outside of Ahpra except as required by law.

The information you provide will be handled in accordance with Ahpra's privacy policy.

If you have any questions, you can contact <a href="mailto:AhpraConsultation@ahpra.gov.au">AhpraConsultation@ahpra.gov.au</a> or telephone us on 1300 419 495.

#### Publication of submissions

We publish submissions at our discretion. We generally <u>publish submissions on our website</u> to encourage discussion and inform the community and stakeholders about consultation responses. Please let us know if you <u>do not</u> want your submission published.

We will not publish on our website, or make available to the public, submissions that contain offensive or defamatory comments or which are outside the scope of the subject of the consultation. Before publication, we may remove personally identifying information from submissions, including contact details.

We can accept submissions made in confidence. These submissions will not be published on the website or elsewhere. Submissions may be confidential because they include personal experiences or other sensitive information. A request for access to a confidential submission will be determined in accordance with the *Freedom of Information Act 1982* (Cth), which has provisions designed to protect personal information and information given in confidence. Please let us know if you do not want us to publish your submission or if you want us to treat all or part of it as confidential.

Published submissions will include the names of the individuals and/or the organisations that made the submission unless confidentiality is expressly requested.

Initial questions:
To help us better understand your situation and the context of your feedback, please provide us with some details about you.
Question A
Are you completing this submission on behalf of an organisation or as an individual?
⊠ Organisation
Name of organisation: Health Complaints Commissioner
Contact email:
□ Individual
Name: Click or tap here to enter text.
Name of organisation: Click or tap here to enter text.
Contact email: Click or tap here to enter text.
Question B
If you are completing this submission as an individual, are you:
☐ A registered health practitioner?
Profession: Click or tap here to enter text.
□ A consumer / patient?

Submission template - Public consultation: Regulation of health practitioners who perform and who advertise nonsurgical cosmetic procedures

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☐ Other – please describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
□ Prefer not to say
Question C
Do you work in the cosmetic surgery/procedures sector?
bo you work in the cosmetic surgery/procedures sector:
⊠ No
☐ Yes – I perform cosmetic surgery
☐ Yes – I perform cosmetic procedures (e.g. cosmetic injectable such as botulinum toxin and dermal fillers)
☐ Yes – I work in the area but do not perform surgery or procedures (e.g. practice manager, non-clinical employee
□ Prefer not to say
Question D
Do you give permission for your submission to be published?
⊠ Yes, publish my submission <b>with</b> my name/organisation name
☐ Yes, publish my submission <b>without</b> my name
☐ Yes, publish my submission without organisation name
$\square$ Yes, publish my submission <b>without</b> both my name and organisation name
□ No – <b>do not</b> publish my submission

## Guidelines for nurses who perform non-surgical cosmetic procedures

# **Consultation questions:**

The Nursing and Midwifery Board of Australia (the NMBA) is developing draft nurses practice guidelines at Attachment A of the consultation paper to enable the terminology in the guidelines to be nuanced for nurses, and to delineate the separate roles and scope of enrolled nurses, registered nurses and nurse practitioners in the non-surgical cosmetic procedures sector.

## Question 1:

Is the guidance in the draft nurses practice guidelines appropriate? Why/Why not?

#### Your answer:

Yes. The document provides clarity about roles and responsibilities for an area of practice that has previously sat outside usual safeguards. The guidance should assist consumers clarify who can provide non-surgical cosmetic procedures. Consumer demands have undue influence on practice and safety in this field of practice, hence clarity about professional accountability to safeguard wellbeing of consumers is a priority.

# **Question 2:**

Does the guidance in the draft nurses practice guidelines sufficiently inform **nurses** about the NMBA's expectations of nurses (including enrolled nurses (EN), registered nurses (RN) and nurse practitioners (NP)) who perform non-surgical cosmetic procedures in Australia? If yes, how? If no, what needs to be changed?

#### Your answer:

Agree. The guidance has relevance to the context of practise in Australia. Emerging issues and concerns such as online services, nurses working independently, age of consumers and consent, authorised prescribers, asynchronous and bulk prescribing are clearly addressed.

## **Question 3:**

Does the guidance in the draft nurses practice guidelines sufficiently inform the **public** about the NMBA's expectations of nurses (including enrolled nurses (ENs), registered nurses (RNs) and nurse practitioners (NPs) who perform non-surgical cosmetic procedures in Australia?

#### Your answer:

Agree

# **Question 4:**

In section 4.2, the draft nurses practice guidelines propose that 'the registered nurse and/or the nurse practitioner must consider the clinical appropriateness of the cosmetic procedure for a person who is under the age of 18 years. The NMBA considers that botulinum toxin and dermal fillers should not be prescribed for persons under the age of 18 for cosmetic purposes.'

Is this information clear? If not, why not?

## Your answer:

As stated, the guidance suggests clinical appropriateness can be assessed for treatment of those under 18 and a cooling off period. The guidelines could be clearer by stating that for treatment by an RN or NP those under 18 years must be independently assessed by a suitably trained/general/ medical

practitioner, AND a cooling off period, prior to providing any botulinum toxin and dermal fillers. Use should include both consumer suitability, risks and medical need. Section 4.2 in the Guidelines for registered health practitioners who perform non-surgical cosmetic procedures is stronger.

## Question 5:

Is there anything further you believe should be included in section 4?

#### Your answer:

No

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#### Your answer:

This is a reasonable request in light of emerging issues of concern regarding increasing involvement of untrained general health service providers' in providing non-surgical cosmetic procedures.

## **Question 7:**

In section 16.1, the draft nurses practice guidelines propose 'that RNs first practise for a minimum of one-year full-time equivalent post initial registration, to consolidate the foundational skills and knowledge as an RN in a general or specialist area of nursing practice (not in the area of non-surgical cosmetic procedures). RNs who perform non-surgical cosmetic procedures are required to undertake detailed assessment and planning of care, have complex anatomical and physiology knowledge as well as decision-making relating to pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics'.

Is the guidance proposed a reasonable requirement? If not, why not?

#### Your answer:

Sections 10 and 16.1 should consider that time is not always a reliable indicator of competency. The competencies required for this practice and how they should be assessed and maintained should be specified more clearly. The HCC suggests the inclusion of guidance about being supervised by a competent practitioner until the novice practitioner has completed training/can demonstrate a level of competence to independently perform the procedure/manage the patient. Guidance should specify annual CPD requirements in the field to maintain competency.

## **Question 8:**

Is there any further detail that needs to be included in the draft nurses practice guidelines to ensure public safety? If yes, please provide details.

#### Your answer:

Section 17.2, final bullet point is not clear.

Guidelines for registered health practitioners who perform non-surgical cosmetic procedures.

# **Consultation questions:**

The proposed draft shared practice guidelines (at Attachment B of the consultation paper) will apply to all registered health practitioners, except for medical practitioners (who are already subject to the Medical Board of Australia's (the MBA) *Guidelines for registered medical practitioners who perform cosmetic surgery and procedures*) and nurses (who will be required to comply with the draft *Guidelines for nurses who perform non-surgical cosmetic procedures*, if approved).

## Question 9:

Is the guidance in the draft shared practice guidelines appropriate? Why/why not?

#### Your answer:

Yes. The document provides clarity about an area of practice where previously consumers may have not been able to identify suitably training practitioners.

## Question 10:

Does the guidance in the draft shared practice guidelines sufficiently inform registered health practitioners about National Boards' expectations when performing non-surgical cosmetic procedures in Australia? Yes/No. If no, what needs to be changed?

#### Your answer:

Yes

## Question 11:

Is the guidance in the draft shared practice guidelines useful for the **public** to understand National Boards' expectations of registered health practitioners who perform non-surgical cosmetic procedures in Australia? Yes/No. If no, what would be more helpful?

#### Your answer:

Yes

## **Question 12:**

Is there anything you believe should be added to or removed from the definition of 'non-surgical cosmetic procedures' as it currently appears in the draft shared practice guidelines?

What changes do you propose and why?

## Your answer:

No specific comment.

## Question 13:

The draft shared practice guidelines propose a set of consistent requirements for practitioners practising in this sector.

Do you think it's appropriate for consistent requirements to apply to all practitioners practising in this sector regardless of their profession? Or do you think there are variations, additions or exclusions required for a particular profession or professions?

What changes do you propose and why?

## Your answer:

No specific comment.

# **Question 14:**

While it is acknowledged that many people who seek non-surgical cosmetic procedures do not have an underlying psychological condition such as body dysmorphic disorder (BDD), the Medical Board of Australia's practice guidelines and the Nursing and Midwifery Board of Australia's proposed guidelines require medical practitioners and nurses who perform the cosmetic procedure or prescribe the cosmetic injectable, to assess their patients for underlying psychological conditions, such as BDD.

Is this a reasonable requirement of other registered health practitioners performing cosmetic procedures as well? If yes, why? If not, why not?

#### Your answer:

This recommendation is supported by evidence about the benefits of detailed assessment to inform actions that address risk for subsequent poor outcomes. This guidance aligns with professional expectations and addresses an important opportunity to identify and manage a condition that contributes to poor outcomes. The EN requirements specify hours of supervised practise so is inconsistent with RN guidance. Competencies should be explicit and determined by the profession.

# Question 15:

Is there any further detail that needs to be included in the draft shared practice guidelines to ensure public safety? If yes, please provide details.

## Your answer:

In section 11, comments about 'holding out' or impersonating a registered providers and possible sanctions should be included.

## Guidelines for registered health practitioners who advertise non-surgical cosmetic procedures

# **Consultation questions:**

The proposed draft advertising guidelines (at Attachment C of the consultation paper) will apply to all registered health practitioners who advertise non-surgical cosmetic procedures.

## **Question 16:**

Is the guidance in the draft advertising guidelines appropriate? Why/why not?

#### Your answer:

Yes. The draft guidelines address gaps that can be exploited by health providers and adds clarity to National Law.

## Question 17:

Does the guidance in the draft advertising guidelines sufficiently inform registered health practitioners about National Boards' expectations when advertising non-surgical cosmetic procedures? Yes/No. If no, what needs to be changed?

## Your answer:

Yes

# **Question 18:**

Is the guidance in the draft advertising guidelines useful for the **public** to understand National Boards' expectations of registered health practitioners who advertise non-surgical cosmetic procedures in Australia? Yes/No. If no, what would be more helpful?

# Your answer:

The HCC considers that the content is 'dense' and not accessible to the general public who need this information. The HCC suggests a consumer friendly/accessible format of key points is produced for the wider public. The message about checking qualifications of providers and reporting concerns if the provider is not qualified should be reinforced within the guidance and in supporting materials.

## **Question 19:**

Is there any further detail that needs to be included in the draft advertising guidelines to ensure public safety? If yes, please provide details.

# Your answer:

E-mail advertising should explicitly be specified.

The definition of 'non-surgical cosmetic procedures' in the draft advertising guidelines includes examples of what are considered non-surgical cosmetic procedures and includes procedures that are restricted to the practice of registered health practitioners as well as procedures that may be performed by people who are not registered health practitioners. This decision was made to promote consistency between the various guidelines which regulate both the practice and advertising of non-surgical cosmetic procedures and cosmetic surgery.

# Question 20:

Is the definition of 'non-surgical cosmetic procedures' in the draft advertising guidelines appropriate when setting standards for the advertising of non-surgical cosmetic procedures by regulated health practitioners? Why/why not?

## Your answer:

The HCC endorses the inclusion of examples of procedures that may be performed by people who are not registered health practitioners, but also suggest that information to raise concerns about these providers is included.

## **Question 21:**

Is there anything you believe should be added to or removed from the definition of 'non-surgical cosmetic procedures' as it currently appears in the draft advertising guidelines?

What changes do you propose?

## Your answer:

The definition appears to include common procedures in lay language.

## About IV infusion treatments:

Ahpra and the National Boards are aware of concerns about the advertising of IV infusion treatments and have issued previous statements in relation to this. IV infusions, like non-surgical cosmetic procedures, are invasive procedures with inherent health and safety risks for patients.

While IV infusion treatments are not strictly a non-surgical cosmetic procedure, many advertisers quote their patients as looking or feeling better after an infusion. Ahpra takes the view that there is little or no accepted evidence to support such generalised claims, and that claims about general improvements in health, wellness, anti-ageing or appearance are therefore misleading and in breach of the National Law. As with any regulated health service claims made about the benefits of IV infusions must be accurate and not misleading. This is because consumers are likely to rely on purported scientific claims and be significantly influenced by such claims, when making health care choices.

While these draft guidelines are focused on the advertising of non-surgical cosmetic procedures, we welcome feedback on whether separate guidelines should be developed in relation to the advertising of IV infusion treatments.

## **Question 22:**

Do you support the development of separate guidelines in relation to the advertising of IV infusion treatments? Why/why not?

# Your answer:

Yes. The HCC endorses this proposal as this is an emerging industry driven by consumer demand and business models that prioritise profit over people, where perceived benefit is not supported by evidence and there is potential for significant harm. The HCC has received complaints about these types of services.

## **Question 23:**

If you support the development of separate guidelines in relation to the advertising of IV infusion treatments, what do you believe should be contained within these guidelines?

# Your answer:

The guidance should include the required qualifications to provide the treatment, and similar guidance to the consultation guidelines about evidence of what constitutes appropriate professional conduct or practice and the standard for acceptable evidence in health advertising.

# Question 24:

Do you have any other feedback about the draft practice guidelines and draft advertising guidelines for non-surgical cosmetic procedures?

## Your answer:

No further comments.