

Paramedicine Board of Australia

Instrument of Delegation

Corporate Legal, National Legal Practice
24 November 2025

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Instrument of Delegation

Delegation of the Paramedicine Board of Australia's functions under the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law as in force in each State and Territory to Committees of the Board and the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency

1. Preliminary

- 1.1 The Paramedicine Board of Australia (the **Board**), pursuant to section 37 of the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law Act 2009* (the National Law), resolved to delegate its functions as specified in this Instrument of Delegation (**Instrument**) on 24 November 2025.
- 1.2 This Instrument is a complete record of the Board's resolutions with respect to the delegation of its functions. The Board resolved to revoke all prior delegations and authorisations with effect on 24 November 2025.
- 1.3 The Board resolved to authorise the Chair of the Board to sign this Instrument as evidence of the Board's decision to delegate its functions in compliance with clause 29(3) to Schedule 7 of the National Law.
- 1.4 This Instrument does not take effect until the date of the signature of the Chair of the Board unless specified otherwise. The effective date of this Instrument is on .

2. Definitions

- 2.1 **ACT Act** means the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law* (ACT).
- 2.2 **Ahpra** means the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency, established by section 23 of the National Law.
- 2.3 **Appellable decision** has the same meaning as in section 199 of the National Law meaning:
 - 2.3.1 a decision to refuse to register the person;
 - 2.3.2 a decision to refuse to endorse the person's registration;
 - 2.3.3 a decision to refuse to renew the person's registration;

- 2.3.4 a decision to refuse to renew the endorsement of the person's registration;
 - 2.3.5 a decision to impose or change a condition on a person's registration or the endorsement of the person's registration, other than
 - 2.3.5.1 a condition relating to the person's qualification for general registration in the health profession; and
 - 2.3.5.2 a condition imposed by section 112(3)(a);
 - 2.3.6 a decision to refuse to change or remove a condition imposed on the person's registration or the endorsement of the person's registration;
 - 2.3.7 a decision to refuse to change or revoke an undertaking given by the person to the Board; and
 - 2.3.8 a decision to suspend the person's registration.
- 2.4 **Immediate Action Committee** means the committee established by the Board pursuant to clause 11 of Schedule 4 to the National Law to exercise functions set out in section 35 of the National Law under delegation pursuant to section 37 of the National Law, constituted according to the Immediate Action Committee's terms of reference.
- 2.5 **National Board (Board)** means the Paramedicine Board of Australia, established by the section 31 of the National Law.
- 2.6 **National Law** means:
- 2.6.1 the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (Queensland) in Queensland;
 - 2.6.2 the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (ACT) in the Australian Capital Territory;
 - 2.6.3 the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (Victoria) in Victoria;
 - 2.6.4 the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (South Australia) in South Australia;
 - 2.6.5 the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (NT) in the Northern Territory;
 - 2.6.6 the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (Tasmania) in Tasmania;
 - 2.6.7 the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (NSW) in New South Wales; and
 - 2.6.8 the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (Western Australia) in Western Australia.
- 2.7 **NSW Act** means the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (NSW)*.

- 2.8 **NT Act** means the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law* (NT).
- 2.9 **Participating jurisdiction** has the same meaning as in section 5 of the National Law.
- 2.10 **Qld Act** means the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law* (Qld).
- 2.11 **Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees** means any committees established by the Board pursuant to clause 11 of Schedule 4 to the National Law to exercise functions set out in section 35 of the National Law under delegation pursuant to section 37 of the National Law, constituted according to its terms of reference, including:
- 2.11.1 Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees;
 - 2.11.2 Registration and/or Notifications Committee;
 - 2.11.3 Registration Committees;
 - 2.11.4 Notifications Committees;
 - 2.11.5 Compliance Committees; or
 - 2.11.6 Paramedicine Notifications Committee: Assessment (**PNCA**).
- 2.12 **Relevant Event** means any health, performance or conduct notification action taken against the registrant in relation to an adverse disclosure on renewal of registration, new information returned on a criminal history check, a confirmed breach of restrictions, or where the practitioner has been the subject of action under Part 8 of the National Law or its equivalent in a co-regulatory jurisdiction. This includes receipt of any new notification irrespective of whether action was taken.
- 2.13 **SA Act** means the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law* (South Australia).
- 2.14 **Tas Act** means the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law* (Tasmania) Act 2010.
- 2.15 **Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Act** means the Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Act 1997 (Cth).
- 2.16 **VIC Act** means the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law* (VIC).
- 2.17 **WA Act** means the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law* (Western Australia) Act 2010.

2.18 **WA Matter** means a matter to which the National Law applies that relates to the health, conduct or performance of a registered health practitioner, student or an application for registration by an applicant:

2.18.1 whose principal place of practice (or for an applicant his or her proposed principal place of practice) is in Western Australia; or

2.18.2 whose principal place of practice is in another state or territory, but who provides health services in Western Australia.

WA Matter is deemed to include a matter that the relevant decision maker under the National Law, acting in good faith, regards as a WA Matter, but which after further inquiry the relevant decision maker discovers does not relate to Western Australia.

Note: to avoid doubt, in this definition the words:

- i. 'health, conduct or performance'; and
- ii. 'registered health practitioner', 'student' and applicant for registration,

have the same meaning and incorporate the same concepts, as those words as used in Part 8 of the National Law (WA).

Note: where the * symbol appears next to a power or function specified in Schedule 2 of this Instrument, the delegation of that power will not apply to WA Matters.

3. Delegation of Board functions

3.1 Principles of delegation:

3.1.1 The purpose of this Instrument is to allow the Board to discharge its functions as set out in section 35 of the National Law.

3.1.2 To the extent that the Board's functions are capable of being delegated, the Board delegates its functions to Ahpra and the committees of the Board as set out in Schedules 2 and 3 of this Instrument.

3.1.3 The delegations in Schedules 2 and 3 of this Instrument are subject to any conditions placed on the delegations made under s 37(1) by the National Boards. These conditions are set out in Column E of Schedules 2 and 3 of this Instrument and describe the legal conditions that have an effect on the delegable power.

3.1.4 A delegate may in the performance of a delegated function do anything that is incidental to the delegated function.

- 3.1.5 A delegation does not derogate from the power of the Board to act itself in the matter, so long as the delegate has not yet exercised the function or power.
 - 3.1.6 A delegate may only exercise a function, or make a decision, subject to the conditions imposed on the delegated function. If the decision to be made is not within the condition which applies to the delegated function, or the delegate is not sure what the decision should be, the delegate must not make the decision. The delegate may, however, make recommendations to the National Board or another delegate.
 - 3.1.7 The underlying intention in establishing such delegation is to facilitate the effective and efficient operation of the national accreditation and registration scheme.
- 3.2 Powers and functions that can only be exercised by the Board are detailed in Schedule 1 of this Instrument.

Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committee

- 3.3 The Board delegates to the Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees the following functions of the Board:
- 3.3.1 The functions listed in Column B to Schedule 2 of this Instrument, subject to the conditions (if any) in Column E to Schedule 2 of this Instrument.
 - 3.3.2 The functions listed in Column B to Schedule 3 of this Instrument, subject to the conditions (if any) in Column E to Schedule 3 of this Instrument.
 - 3.3.3 All functions delegated to the Immediate Action Committee and Ahpra, as listed in Columns C and D of Schedules 2 and 3 of this Instrument.
 - 3.3.3.1 Where a condition applies to either the Immediate Action Committee or Ahpra, as detailed in Column E of Schedules 2 and 3 of this Instrument, this condition would not apply to the Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committee unless specifically stated in Column E of Schedules 2 and 3 of this Instrument.

Immediate Action Committee

- 3.4 The Board delegates to the Immediate Action Committee the following functions of the Board:
- 3.4.1 The functions listed in Column C to Schedule 2 of this Instrument, subject to the conditions (if any) in Column E of Schedule 2 of this Instrument.
 - 3.4.2 The functions listed in Column C to Schedule 3 of this Instrument, subject to the conditions (if any) in Column E of Schedule 3 of this Instrument.

- 3.4.3 For completeness, the functions which are delegated to Ahpra and listed in Column D of Schedules 2 and 3 of this Instrument are not delegated to the Immediate Action Committee.

Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency

- 3.5 The Board delegates to Ahpra the following functions of the Board,
- 3.5.1 The functions listed in Column D to Schedule 2 of this Instrument, subject to the conditions (if any) in Column E of Schedule 2 of this Instrument.
 - 3.5.2 The functions listed in Column D to Schedule 3 of this Instrument, subject to the conditions (if any) in Column E of Schedule 3 of this Instrument.
 - 3.5.3 The provision of notice(s), whether or not expressly provided for in this Instrument, and whether from the Board or a committee of the Board, to any entity or person; and,
 - 3.5.4 The publishing of information on the Board's and/or Ahpra's website, whether expressly provided for in this Instrument.
 - 3.5.5 Ahpra may not exercise any function that is an appellable decision unless specified otherwise. Where there is a decision which is appealed Ahpra must seek the advice from the Board and ensure that appropriate advice and expertise is obtained in order to appropriately manage the appeal.
- 3.6 To avoid doubt, despite the description of division and the conditions to listed in Columns A and E respectively of Schedules 2 and 3 of this Instrument the delegate must refer back to the applicable section(s) of the National Law that is being exercised.
- 3.7 The Board's decision, including any delegate decision must be consistent with the National Board guidelines and/or policies that are in force from time to time.

Signature

AS SIGNED

Professor Stephen Gough
Chair, Paramedicine Board of Australia
Date: 24 November 2025

Schedule 1 – Functions only exercised by the National Board

| A | B | C | D |
|---------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Part and Division | Section | Description of Division | Directions |
| Part 5 – National Boards | | | |
| Div 3 | 38(1) | Board must develop and recommend to the Ministerial Council registration standards for the health profession. | |
| | 39 | Board may develop and approve of codes and guidelines as guidance to health practitioners and about matters relevant to the exercise of its functions. | |
| Part 6 - Accreditation | | | |
| Div 2 | 43(1) | Board must decide whether an accreditation function for the health profession is to be exercised by an external accreditation entity or a committee established by the Board. | |
| | 47(2) | Board must decide to approve, refuse or request review of an accreditation standard. | |
| | 49(1) | Board may approve or refuse to approve the accredited program of study as providing a qualification for the purposes of registration. | |
| | 49(2) | Board may approve an accredited program of study under s 49(1), subject to condition that it considers necessary or desirable. | |
| | 51(2) | Board may decide to impose conditions on the approval of an accredited program of study if it considers necessary or desirable or cancel its approval of an accredited program of study. | Notice from the accreditation authority must be received pursuant to s 50(2)(b), prior to Board's decision. |
| Part 7 - Registration | | | |
| | 56(1) 61(1) 64(1)(a) 72(1) 76(1) | Board's decision as to the registration period for general, specialist, provisional, limited and non-practising registration | |

| A | B | C | D |
|--|----------------|---|-------------------|
| Part and Division | Section | Description of Division | Directions |
| Div 7 | 87(1) | Board must decide to register a person undertaking an approved program of study for the entire period of study or only part of the period of enrolment. | |
| | 88(4)(a) | Board must publish details of the failure of the education provider to comply with a notice given to the education provider under s 88(1) on the Board's website. | |
| | 93(4)(a) | Board must publish details of a failure of an education provider to give notice within 60 days of a student ceasing to be enrolled in the program of study or the clinical placement as detailed in s 93(2) on its website. | |
| Part 8 - Notifications | | | |
| Div 2 | 143(3)(a) | Board must publish details of a failure of an education provider to comply with a notice under s 143(1) on its website. | |
| Div 11 | 183(1) | Board may appoint individuals to a list of approved persons to be appointed as members of panels. | |
| Part 10 - Information and privacy | | | |
| Div 3 | 225A | Where the decision maker is satisfied of the matters in s 225A | |
| | 225(p) | Board may add other information to the National Register or the Specialists Register that it considers appropriate. | |

Schedule 2 – Decisions delegated by the National Board

| A | B | C | D | E |
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| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| Part 7 - Registration | | | | |
| Division 6 | | | | |
| Board to approve the form used by an individual in their application for registration in the health profession. | | | 77(2)(a) | The delegation to Ahpra to approve the application form is limited to stylistic and minor changes only. Stylistic and minor changes include changes to the design of the form, dates and logo. If there is a substantive change – for instance, changes to the questions - those decisions remain with the Board. |
| Board may by written notice ask an entity that issued the applicant's proof of identity document to confirm the validity or provide further information relevant to the applicant's identity. | | | 78(1) | |
| Board may obtain a written report about the criminal history of an applicant from the entities listed in s 79(2)(a), (b) or (c). | | | 79 | |
| Board may decide to investigate the applicant before deciding an application for registration. | | 80(1)(a) | 80(1)(a) | The IAC are limited in their use of s 80(1)(a) to the situations where the IAC are exercising the functions as described in s 125(4). |
| Board may decide to require the applicant to provide further information or documentation before deciding an application for registration. | | 80(1)(a) | 80(1)(a) | The IAC are limited in their use of s 80(1)(b) to the situations where the IAC are exercising the functions as described in s 125(4). |
| Board may decide to require the applicant before deciding an application for registration to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> attend before the Board to answer questions, undertake an examination or assessment, and undergo a health assessment. | 80(1)(c) 80(1)(e) | 80(1)(c) 80(1)(d) 80(1)(e) | 80(1)(d) | The IAC are limited in their use of ss 80(1)(c), (d) and (e) to the situations where the IAC are exercising the functions as described in s 125(4). Ahpra may request an applicant undergo an examination or assessment where: |

| A | B | C | D | E |
|---|--|----------------------------|----------|--|
| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| | | | | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the Board has previously made a request of the same applicant to undergo an examination or assessment under s 80(1)(d); and the applicant has not completed an approved program of study since the Board made the request under s 80(1)(d). |
| Board decides to grant the application for registration in the type of registration applied for by the applicant. | | | 82(1)(a) | |
| Board decides to grant an application for registration, other than the type of registration applied for by the applicant. | | | 82(1)(b) | <p>Ahpra can grant a registration other than a type of registration applied for where:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the grant of registration is consistent with the Board's proposal; the applicant has been given notice of the Board's proposal to grant registration other than a type of registration applied for under s 81; and either (a) or (b) apply: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the applicant accepts the Board's proposal to grant registration of a type other than that applied for; or the applicant has not made a submission in response to the Board's proposal despite being provided with a reasonable opportunity to do so. |
| Board decides to refuse to grant the application for registration. | | | 82(1)(c) | <p>Ahpra may only refuse an application for registration where:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the refusal of an application is consistent with the Board's proposal; the applicant has been given notice of the Board's proposal to refuse their registration application under s 81; and either (a) or (b) apply: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the applicant has not made any submissions in response to the notice, or the applicant has indicated that he or she agrees with the proposed decision. |

| A | B | C | D | E |
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| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| Board decides to register a person in the health profession, the registration is subject to any conditions that the Board considers necessary or desirable. | | | 83(1) | <p>Ahpra can only impose a condition on registration in the following scenarios:</p> <p>SCENARIO 1</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the imposition of conditions is consistent with the Board's proposal to impose conditions; the applicant has been given reasonable notice of the Board's proposal to impose condition(s) on registration under s 81; and either (a) or (b) applies: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the applicant submitted that they accept the proposed condition; or the applicant has not made a submission in the time period set out in the notice issued under s 81(2)(b). <p>SCENARIO 2</p> <p>In relation to a deferred graduate applicant:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the applicant has applied for registration as a deferred graduate; the applicant has deferred an application for registration for more than two (2) years after completion of the relevant course required by the applicable registration standards; and the imposition of conditions on the registration of a deferred graduate is in accordance with the National Restriction Library (NRL) for supervision conditions. |
| If the Board decides to register a person in the health profession, the Board may accept any undertaking from the person if the Board considers it necessary or desirable in the circumstances. | | | 83A | <p>Ahpra may only accept an undertaking from a person if:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the applicant was provided with notice of the Board's proposal to impose condition(s) on registration under s 81; the undertaking is consistent with the wording proposed by the Board in the conditions; and no additional information has come into possession that may be relevant in making the decision. |

| A | B | C | D | E |
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| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| Division 6A | | | | |
| Board may propose to withdraw the registration of a registered health practitioner if the Board: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. reasonably believes the practitioner's registration was improperly obtained because the practitioner, or ii. someone else gave the Board information or a document that was false or misleading in a material particular. | 85A | | | |
| Board may decide that the registration was not improperly obtained on the ground the registered health practitioner or someone else gave the Board information or a document that was false or misleading in a material particular; and take no further action. | 85C(a) | | | |
| Board may decide that the registration was improperly obtained because the practitioner or someone else gave the Board information or a document that was false or misleading in a material particular and do one or more of the following— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. withdraw the practitioner's registration; ii. refer the matter to a responsible tribunal; iii. take other appropriate action under Part 8. | 85C(b) | | | |
| Division 7 | | | | |
| Board to ask education provider for list of persons undertaking approved program of study. | | | 88(1) | Ahpra to notify the Board of any contravention of an education provider to give particulars of students. |
| Board may register the person as a student in the health profession on the student register on receipt of the particulars under s 88 or following completion of an application form. | | | 89(1) | |

| A | B | C | D | E |
|---|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| Board to approve the form used by a person in their application for registration as a student. | | | 89(1)(b)(i) 91(4)(b)(i) | The delegation to Ahpra to approve the application form is limited to stylistic and minor changes only. Stylistic and minor changes include changes to the design of the form, dates and logo. If there is a substantive change – for instance, changes to the questions - those decisions remain with the Board. |
| Board may register the person as a student in the health profession on the student register who is undertaking clinical training but not enrolled in an approved program of study or following completion of an application form. | | | 91(4)(a) | |
| Board may endorse the registration of a registered health practitioner in an approved area of practice where the practitioner holds an approved qualification. | | | 98(1) | Ahpra cannot exercise this delegation if there are conditions to be imposed on the endorsement for approved area of practice. |
| Division 8 | | | | |
| Board to approve the form used by an individual in their application for endorsement. | | | 99(2)(a) | The delegation to Ahpra to approve the application form is limited to stylistic and minor changes only. Stylistic and minor changes include changes to the design of the form, dates and logo. If there is a substantive change – for instance, changes to the questions – those decisions remain with the Board. |
| Board may decide to investigate the applicant before deciding application for endorsement. | | | 100(1)(a) | |
| Board may decide to require the applicant to provide further information or documentation before deciding application for endorsement. | | | 100(1)(b) | |
| Board may decide to require the applicant to attend before the Board to answer questions before deciding application for endorsement. | 100(1)(c) | | | |

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| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| Board may decide to require the applicant to undertake a written, oral or practical examination before deciding application for endorsement. | 100(1)(d) | | | |
| Board must decide to endorse or refuse to endorse the applicant's registration as sought. | | | 102(1) | <p>Ahpra can only refuse an application for endorsement in the following scenario:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the refusal of the endorsement on the applicant's registration is consistent with the Board's proposal to refuse; the applicant has been given notice of the Board's proposal to refuse the endorsement on their registration under s 101; and either (a) or (b) applies: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the applicant has not made any submissions in response to that notice; or the applicant has indicated that he or she agrees with the proposed refusal to endorse their registration. |
| Board may decide to impose on the endorsement conditions the Board considers necessary or desirable. | 103(1) | | | |
| If the Board decides to endorse the applicant's registration under s 102, the Board may accept any undertaking from the applicant if the Board considers it necessary or desirable in the circumstances. | | | 103A | <p>Ahpra may only accept an undertaking from a person if:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the applicant was provided with notice of the Board's proposal to impose condition(s) on registration under s 101; the undertaking is consistent with the wording proposed by the Board in the conditions; and no additional information has come into possession that may be relevant in making the decision. |
| Division 9 | | | | |
| Board to approve the form used by a registered health practitioner in their application for renewal of registration or endorsement. | | | 107(4)(a) | The delegation to Ahpra to approve the application form is limited to stylistic and minor changes only. Stylistic and minor changes include changes to the |

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|---|--|----------------------------|--------|---|
| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| | | | | design of the form, dates and logo. If there is a substantive change – for instance, changes to the questions - those decisions remain with the Board. |
| Board may exercise power under s 80 in deciding an application for renewal of registration. | | | 110 | Corresponding functions under s 80 (as listed above) apply to the relevant Board, relevant committees and Ahpra. |
| Board may decide to renew or refuse to renew, the applicant's registration. | | | 112(1) | <p>The relevant committee may only refuse to renew a practitioner's registration as per s 112(2)(a) on the grounds available to it under s 82 only.</p> <p>Ahpra can only decide to renew a practitioner's registration (or endorsement) in the following scenarios:</p> <p>SCENARIO 1</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. S 111 does not apply (i.e. a practitioner has not received a notice to propose to refuse or propose to impose conditions on the renewal of their registration or endorsement). <p>SCENARIO 2</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In relation to a breach of s 133 (advertising offences) where: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. there has been a proposal to refuse to renew a registration or a proposal to impose conditions on a registration has been made; b. the practitioner has received a notice under s 111(1); and c. the practitioner has amended their advertising to be compliant with the requirements of s 133 following this proposal. <p>Ahpra may only refuse an application for renewal of registration (or endorsement) where:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the Board has proposed to refuse to renew a registration (or endorsement); 2. the applicant has been given reasonable notice of the Board's proposal to refuse their application for renewal of registration (or endorsement); and |

| A | B | C | D | E |
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| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| | | | | 3. either (a) or (b) applies: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. the applicant submitted that they accept the proposed decision; or b. the applicant has not made a submission in response to the proposal. |
| <p>Board decides to renew a registration, including any endorsement on registration, the registration or the endorsement subject to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. any conditions the registration was subject to immediately before the renewal, 2. any condition the Board considers necessary or desirable in the circumstances, 3. any undertaking given by the applicant to the Board that was in effect immediately before the renewal, and 4. any undertaking given by the applicant to the Board that the Board considers necessary or desirable in the circumstances. | | | 112(3) | <p>PROPOSING TO IMPOSE CONDITIONS</p> <p>Ahpra may only propose to impose conditions on a renewal of registration (or endorsement) in the following scenarios:</p> <p>SCENARIO 1</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Conditions relate to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. a breach of s 133 (advertising offences); or b. the completion of additional Continuing Professional Development requirements; or c. recency of practice conditions with re-entry; and 2. the proposed condition adopts standard wording in accordance with the National Restrictions Library (NRL). <p>SCENARIO 2</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Board has proposed to impose conditions on a renewal of registration (or endorsement); 2. the applicant has been given notice of the proposal to impose the condition(s) following an application on a renewal of registration (or endorsement); and 3. either (a) or (b) applies: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. the applicant submitted that they accept the proposed decision; or b. the applicant has not made a submission in response to the proposal. <p>IMPOSING CONDITIONS</p> |

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|-------------------------|--|----------------------------|-------|--|
| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| | | | | <p>Ahpra may only impose conditions on an application for renewal of registration (or endorsement) in the following scenarios:</p> <p>SCENARIO 1</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Board has proposed to impose conditions following a renewal of registration application (or endorsement); 2. the applicant has been given reasonable notice of the proposal to impose conditions following a renewal of registration application (or endorsement); and 3. either (a) or (b) applies: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. the applicant submitted that they accept the proposed decision; or b. the applicant has not made a submission in response to the proposed decision. <p>SCENARIO 2</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Conditions relate to: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. a breach of s133 (advertising offences); or b. the completion of additional Continuing Professional Development requirements; or c. recency of practice conditions with re-entry; and 2. the proposed condition is standard worded conditions in accordance with the National Restriction Library (NRL). <p>Ahpra may accept an undertaking on an application for renewal of registration (or endorsement) in the following scenarios:</p> <p>SCENARIO 1</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Board proposed to impose conditions following an application on a renewal of registration (or endorsement); 2. the applicant has been given reasonable notice of the proposal to impose conditions following an application on a renewal of registration (or endorsement); |

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| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| | | | | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the undertaking is consistent with the wording proposed by the Board in the conditions; and no additional information has come into possession that may be relevant in making the decision. <p>SCENARIO 2</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The Board proposed to renew the registration (or endorsement) with the undertaking that was in effect immediately before the renewal; the applicant has been given reasonable notice of the proposal to renew the registration (or endorsement) subject to the undertaking that was in effect immediately before the renewal; the applicant has accepted the Board's proposal; and no additional information has come into possession that may be relevant in making the decision. |
| Board to approve the form used by an individual in their application for registration in the health profession following period of suspension. | | | 112B(4)(a) | <p>PNCA cannot exercise the power under s 112B(4)(a).</p> <p>The delegation to Ahpra to approve the application form is limited to stylistic and minor changes only. Stylistic and minor changes include changes to the design of the form, dates and logo. If there is a substantive change – for instance, changes to the questions - those decisions remain with the Board.</p> |
| Division 11, subdivision 2 | | | | |
| Board to approve the form used by a registered health practitioner or student in their application to change or remove conditions or undertaking. | | | 125(3)(a) | <p>The delegation to Ahpra to approve the application form is limited to stylistic and minor changes only. Stylistic and minor changes include changes to the design of the form, dates and logo. If there is a substantive change – for instance, changes to the questions - those decisions remain with the Board.</p> |

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| Board may exercise a power under s 80 before deciding the application to change or remove conditions and/or undertaking on application by a registered health practitioner or student. | | 125(4) | 125(4) | <p>Corresponding functions under s 80 (as listed above) apply to the relevant Board, relevant committees and Ahpra.</p> <p>The IAC can make a decision under section 125(4) application where the conditions or undertaking on a practitioner's or student's registration was imposed by the IAC and the ongoing part 8 action has not concluded.</p> |
| Board must decide to grant or refuse to grant the application to change or remove conditions or undertaking on a registered health practitioner's registration or endorsement or student's registration. | | 125(5) | 125(5) | <p>The IAC can only reconsider a section 125(5) application where the conditions or undertaking on a practitioner's or student's registration was imposed by the IAC and the ongoing part 8 action has not concluded.</p> <p>Ahpra's delegation to decide to grant a s 125(5) application is only in the following scenarios:</p> <p>SCENARIO 1</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Conditions were imposed in response to a breach of s 133 (advertising offences); and 2. information has been submitted to demonstrate compliance with the conditions. <p>Where there is non-compliance with the s 133 conditions, the decision to grant remains with the relevant Board or committee and is not delegated to Ahpra.</p> <p>SCENARIO 2</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A practitioner has submitted evidence to the delegate that they have complied with their conditions on their registration; and 2. The restrictions relate to health or conduct; or 3. The restrictions relate to performance and the relevant clinical advisor has assessed the practitioner as meeting the required standard of a registered health practitioner. |

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| | | | | <p>SCENARIO 3</p> <p>Replace a re-entry to practice supervision requirement with a condition to undertake an approved re-entry to practice education program.</p> <p>Where clinical advice is sought outside of the scenarios listed above, the matter must be presented to the next available relevant Board or committee meeting and is not delegated to Ahpra.</p> |
| Board must decide whether to change the condition(s) on a registered health practitioner's registration or endorsement or student's registration on its own initiative. | | 126(5) | 126(5) | <p>The IAC can only reconsider a section 126(5) application where the conditions or undertaking on a practitioner's or student's registration were imposed by the IAC and the ongoing part 8 action has not concluded.</p> <p>The relevant delegate must hold a reasonable belief that it is necessary to change a condition imposed on a registered health practitioner's or student's registration (s 126(1)).</p> <p>Ahpra can only decide to change a condition in the following scenarios:</p> <p>SCENARIO 1</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The committee has proposed to change the condition; 2. ss 126(2) and 126(4) have been complied with; and 3. practitioner or student: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. submitted that they accept the proposed change; or b. have not made a submission. <p>If Ahpra changes the conditions, it must advise the relevant Board or committee who proposed to change the condition of the outcome.</p> <p>SCENARIO 2</p> |

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| | | | | <p>The change is to increase the number of supervised practice hours required to address a shortfall in meeting recency of practise requirements since the date the restrictions were imposed.</p> <p>Where clinical advice is sought outside of the scenarios listed above, the matter must be presented to the next available relevant Board or committee meeting and is not delegated to Ahpra.</p> |
| Board may decide to remove the condition or revoke the undertaking on a practitioner's registration or endorsements or a student's registration if it reasonably believes the condition(s) imposed or undertaking given is no longer necessary. | | 127(2) | 127(2) | <p>The IAC can only reconsider a section 127(2) application where the conditions or undertaking on a practitioner's or student's registration were imposed by the IAC and the ongoing part 8 action has not concluded.</p> <p>The relevant delegate must hold a reasonable belief that it is necessary to remove the condition or revoke the undertaking on a registered health practitioner's or student's registration (s 127(1)).</p> <p>Ahpra can make a s 127(2) decision in the following scenarios:</p> <p>SCENARIO 1</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Conditions were imposed in response to a breach of s 133 (Advertising offences); and 2. information has been submitted to demonstrate compliance with the conditions. <p>SCENARIO 2</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A practitioner has submitted evidence to the delegate that they have complied with their conditions and/or undertaking on their registration; or 2. The restrictions relate to health or conduct; or |

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| | | | | <p>3. The restrictions relate to performance and the relevant clinical advisor has assessed the practitioner as meeting the required standard of a registered health practitioner.</p> <p>Where clinical advice is sought outside of the scenarios listed above, the matter must be presented to the next available relevant Board or committee meeting and is not delegated to Ahpra.</p> |
| Board may decide that any change, removal or revocation may be decided by the review body of a co-regulatory jurisdiction. | | | 127A(2) | |
| Division 11, subdivision 3 | | | | |
| Board requires, at any time, evidence of the appropriate professional indemnity insurance arrangements. | | | 129(2) | |
| <p>Board may decide to refuse to record an alternative name on the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. public register, and ii. the practitioner's certificate of registration. | | | 131A(2) | <p>PNCA cannot exercise the power under s 131A(2).</p> <p>Ahpra may make a decision under s 131A(2) only if the name satisfies the definition of 'prohibited name' under s 131A(4)(a) to (c).</p> <p>If the refusal to include the name on the public register and on the practitioner's certificate of registration is because it is contrary to the public interest for another reason (s 131A(4)(d)), that will be a decision of the relevant committee.</p> |
| Board may ask, at any time, practitioner to give the Board their practice information. | | | 132(1) | |
| Division 11, subdivision 5 | | | | |
| Board may require, at any time, a registered health practitioner to provide evidence of their identity. | | | 134(1) | |

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| Board may obtain a written report about a registered health practitioner's criminal history from the entities listed in the section. | | | 135(1) | |
| Part 8 – Notifications | | | | |
| Division 5 | | | | |
| Board must decide whether notification: (a) relates to a health practitioner or student, (b) relates to a ground, and (c) could also be made to a Health Complaints Entity (HCE) | | 149(1)(a), (b), (c) (excl Qld Act) 150(1)(a), (b) (Qld Act) | 149(1)(a), (b), (c) (excl Qld Act) 150(1)(a), (b) (Qld Act) | |
| Board decides that the notification relates to a person who is not registered in a health profession established for the Board but may be registered in another profession the Board must refer the notification to the other Board. | | | 149(3) (excl Qld Act) 150(3) (Qld Act) | |
| Board may require the person to give specified information or produce specified documents to the Board within a specified reasonable time and in a specified reasonable way. | | | 149A | |
| If a document is produced to the Board, the Board may inspect it, make a copy of it, or keep it while necessary for the preliminary assessment. | | | 149B(1) | |
| Board and HCE must attempt to reach agreement about how a notification is to be dealt with. | | | 150(3) (excl Qld Act) | |
| Board may decide to refer the subject matter, or part of the subject matter, to be dealt with by another entity. | | | 150A(1) (excl Qld Act) 150C(1) (Qld Act) | |

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| In respect of decisions made under s 150A(1) (excl Qld Act) or s 150C(1) (Qld Act), the Board may ask the other entity to give the Board information about how the subject matter of the referred matter or the part of the referred matter was resolved. | | | 150A(4) (excl Qld Act) 150C(4) (Qld Act) | |
| <p>Board decides to take no further action in relation to a notification:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. if it is frivolous, vexatious, misconceived or lacking in substance b. given the amount of time elapsed, c. if the person is no longer registered, d. the subject matter already been dealt with e. the subject matter of the notification, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. is being dealt with by another entity or been referred by Board to another entity, or ii. has been referred by the Board under ss 150 or 150A to another entity to be dealt with, f. the registered health practitioner has taken appropriate steps to remedy the subject matter of notification. | 151(1) | | 151(1)(e) | |
| Board may decide to take no further action in relation to part of a referred matter if the subject matter or the part of the referred matter has been referred by the Board under ss 150 or 150A (s 150C (Qld Act)) to another entity to be dealt with by that entity. | | | 151(1A) | |

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| Despite s 152(1), a notice of receipt of notification is not required to given to the registered health practitioner or student if the Board reasonably believes doing so would prejudice an investigation of the notification; or place at risk a person's health or safety or place a person at risk of intimidation or harassment. | | | 152(3) | |
| Division 6 | | | | |
| Board may deal with more than one notification about a registered health practitioner or student together. | 153 | 153 | | |
| Board may deal with notification in conjugation with other Board(s), if a registered health practitioner or student is registered in more than one health profession. | 154(2) | 154(2) | | |
| Division 7 | | | | |
| Board may take immediate action in relation to a registered health practitioner or student if one of the grounds as detailed in ss 156(1)(a) to (e) are met. | | 156(1) | 156(1) | <p>Ahpra may only make a decision if:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the decision to take immediate action is consistent with the Board's proposal; s 157 has been complied with; the practitioner or student has either: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> accepted the proposed action; or not made submissions in response to the proposed immediate action; the delegate agrees that immediate action should be taken for the reasons proposed by the Board; and no additional information has come into possession that may be relevant in making an interim decision. |

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| | | | | Ahpra must advise the relevant Board or committee of the outcome of its proposal. |
| Board must take the further action under Part 8 that is appropriate. | | 158(1)(b) | | |
| Following a decision to take immediate action under s 156, the Board may inform the notifier of the decision and the reasons for the decision. | | | 159A(2) | |
| Division 7A | | | | |
| Board may issue an interim prohibition order to an unregistered person if, in the Board's reasonable belief, the person: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. has contravened a relevant provision, or ii. is the subject of an assessment, investigation or other proceedings under Part 8 | | 159C(1) | | The IAC will make the decision where the unregistered person is a person: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. whose registration is suspended, or 2. who is the subject of ongoing proceedings under Part 8. |
| Following consideration of any submissions made by the unregistered practitioner in accordance with the notice from s 159E(3), the Board must decide, to either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. confirm the issue of the interim prohibition order, or ii. revoke the interim prohibition order. | | 159E(6)(a) | | The IAC will make the decision where the unregistered person is a person: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. whose registration is suspended, or 2. who is the subject of ongoing proceedings under Part 8. |
| Board must revoke an interim prohibition order about an unregistered person if, the Board is satisfied the grounds on which the order was issued: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. no longer exist in relation to the person, or | | 159G(1) | | The IAC will make the decision where the unregistered person is a person: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. whose registration is suspended, or 2. who is the subject of ongoing proceedings under Part 8. |

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ii. did not exist at time the order was issued to the person. | | | | |
| <p>Board may vary an interim prohibition order about an unregistered person if,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. the Board is satisfied a different ground in s 159C(1)(a) exists; and ii. the Board continues to hold the reasonable belief as specified in s 159C(1)(b). | | 159G(2) | | <p>The IAC will make the decision where the unregistered person is a person:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. whose registration is suspended, or 2. who is the subject of ongoing proceedings under Part 8. |
| Board may extend an interim prohibition order about an unregistered person by a period of 60 days if the Board reasonably believes it is necessary. | | 159H(1) | | <p>The IAC will make the decision where the unregistered person is a person:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. whose registration is suspended, or 2. who is the subject of ongoing proceedings under Part 8. |
| Following a decision to issue or extend an interim prohibition order, the Board may inform the notifier who made the notification or the person who made the complaint of the decision and the reasons for the decision. | | 159I(2) | | <p>The IAC will make the decision where the unregistered person is a person:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. whose registration is suspended, or 2. who is the subject of ongoing proceedings under Part 8. |
| Prior to the expiration of the interim prohibition order, the Board may apply to the responsible tribunal to extend the order. | | 159J(2) | | <p>The IAC will make the decision where the unregistered person is a person:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. whose registration is suspended, or 2. who is the subject of ongoing proceedings under Part 8. |
| <p>If a responsible tribunal has extended or substituted an interim prohibition order and the Board is satisfied the grounds on which the order was issued:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. no longer exist in relation to the person, or ii. did not exist at time the order was issued to the person; | | 159L(2) | | <p>The IAC will make the decision where the unregistered person is a person:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. whose registration is suspended, or 2. who is the subject of ongoing proceedings under Part 8. |

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| the Board may before either the extended or substituted order ends apply to the responsible tribunal to revoke the order. | | | | |
| <p>If a responsible tribunal has extended or substituted an interim prohibition order and the Board:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. is satisfied a different ground in s 159C(1)(a) exists; and ii. continues to reasonably believe the ground specified in s 159C(1)(b) exists, <p>the Board may before the extended or substituted interim prohibition order ends apply to the responsible tribunal to vary the order.</p> | | 159M(2) | | <p>The IAC will make the decision where the unregistered person is a person:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. whose registration is suspended, or 2. who is the subject of ongoing proceedings under Part 8. |
| <p>The Board may decide that the interim prohibition order should not be published because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. the person subject to the interim prohibition order has requested the information not be published, and ii. the Board reasonably believes that the publication of the information would present a serious risk to the health or safety of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ the person, or ▪ a member of the person's family or an associate of the person. | | 159N(5) | | <p>The IAC will make the decision where the unregistered person is a person:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. whose registration is suspended, or 2. who is the subject of ongoing proceedings under Part 8. |
| Division 7B | | | | |
| <p>Board may make a public statement if, in the Board's reasonable belief, the person:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. has contravened a relevant provision, or | | 159Q(1) | | |

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| ii. is the subject of an assessment, investigation or other proceedings under Part 8 | | | | |
| Board must decide, following consideration of the show cause submission, either: i. not to make the public statement; or ii. to make the public statement as proposed; or iii. to make the public statement in a different way or with different content. | | 159R(2) | | |
| Board may revise the public statement made under s 159R(2) if the Board reasonably believes it is necessary in the circumstances. | | 159S(1) | | |
| Board must revoke the public statement if the Board is satisfied the grounds on which the public statement was made: i. no longer exist in relation to the person; or ii. did not exist at the time the statement was made. | | 159T(1) | | |
| Division 8 | | | | |
| Board may decide to investigate a registered health practitioner or student if it is necessary or appropriate. | | 160(1) | 160(1) | <p>Ahpra to commence an investigation under s 160(1)(a) or (b) where:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> s 150(4) applies to require an investigation; or further information is necessary to progress the management of a matter and it is impractical in the circumstances to await a committee meeting. <p>Ahpra may commence a compliance investigation under s160(1)(c) where:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> an instrument imposing an obligation through a registration condition or undertaking does not empower Ahpra to collect information necessary to monitor compliance; and |

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| | | | | <p>2. the information sought through an investigation is necessary to assure compliance with a registration condition or undertaking.</p> <p>The relevant Board or committee must be notified following a s 160(1) decision made by Ahpra.</p> |
| Board must direct an appropriate investigator to conduct the investigation. | | | 160(2) | |
| Board does not have to give the registered health practitioner or student a notice under s 161(3) if it reasonably believes that it would seriously prejudice the investigation, place a person's health or safety at risk, or place a person at risk of harassment or intimidation. | | 161(4) | 161(4) | |
| Board may appoint persons as investigators. | | | 163(1) 81(1)(SA Act) | |
| Board must decide, following investigation, either to take no further action, or take action and/or refer the matter to another entity. | 167 167(2) (ACT Act) | | | |
| Following a decision after the investigation under s 167, the Board may inform the notifier of the decision and reasons for the decision. | | | 167A(2) | |
| Division 9 | | | | |
| Board may require a registered health practitioner or student to undergo a health assessment because it reasonably believes that they have or may have an impairment. | 169 | 169 | | |

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| Board may require a registered health practitioner to undergo a performance assessment because the Board reasonably believes that they practise or may practise the profession unsatisfactorily. | 170 | 170 | | |
| Board to choose an assessor to carry out the assessment. | | | 171(1) | Ahpra can appoint an assessor from a list of approved assessors maintained by the Board and updated from time to time. |
| Board to provide a copy of the assessor's report to the registered health practitioner or student to whom it relates to, unless the Board considers that it may be prejudicial to the practitioner's or student's physical or mental health or wellbeing, then to a nominated medical practitioner or psychologist. | | | 176(1) | Ahpra must not release the assessor's report in a manner contrary to any recommendations made by the appointed assessor. |
| Board to nominate a person to discuss the report with a registered health practitioner or student and discuss ways of dealing with the adverse findings in the report. | | | 176(3) | The person discussing an assessment report with the registrant must be a registered paramedic, and either; <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. approved by the Chair or the nominee of the Chair of the relevant Board or committee; and/or 2. a Board or committee member. |
| Board may decide following consideration of the assessor's report and discussions held under s 176(3), to take the action the Board considers necessary or appropriate, refer the matter to another entity or take no further action. | 177 177(3) (ACT Act) NB/ Qld Act - s 177 applies subject to Div 12, Subdiv 1 of Part 8 | | | |

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| Following a decision after the assessor's report under s 177, the Board may inform the notifier of the decision and the reasons for the decision. | | | 177A(2) | |
| Division 10 | | | | |
| Board may decide to take relevant action in relation to a registered health practitioner or student. | | | 178(2) 178(4) (ACT Act) | <p>The relevant delegate must hold a reasonable belief (s 178(1)(a)).</p> <p>Ahpra may only make a decision under s 178(2) if:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> s 179(1) has been complied with or, if s 179(1) does not apply, the practitioner / student has been afforded a reasonable opportunity to show cause as to why relevant action should not be taken; practitioner or student has: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> submitted that they accept the action proposed; or not made a submission in response to the proposed relevant action; delegate agrees that relevant action should be taken for the reasons proposed by the Board; and no additional information has come into possession that may be relevant in making a determinative decision. <p>Ahpra must advise the relevant Board or committee who proposed the relevant action of the outcome of its proposal.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the limitation above, Ahpra may only propose conditions under s 178(2)(c) where:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> conditions relate to a breach of s 133 (advertising offences); and |

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| | | | | the proposed condition must be standard worded conditions in accordance with the National Restrictions Library (NRL). ¹ |
| <p>Board must decide in relation to a registered health practitioner or student to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. take no action, ii. take the proposed relevant action or other relevant action, iii. take other action under Part 8, or iv. refer the matter to another entity. | | | 179(2) | <p>The relevant delegate must hold a reasonable belief (s 178(1)(a)).</p> <p>Ahpra may only decide to take no further action under s 179(2)(a):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. in relation to breaches of s 133 (advertising offences). <p>Ahpra may only make a decision under s 179(2)(b)(i) if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. s 179(1) has been complied with or, if s 179(1) does not apply; the practitioner / student has been afforded a reasonable opportunity to show cause as to why relevant action should not be taken; and 2. practitioner or student has: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. submitted that they accept the action proposed; or b. not made a submission in response to the proposed relevant action; 3. delegate agrees that relevant action should be taken for the reasons proposed by the Board; and 4. no additional information has come into possession that may be relevant in making a determinative decision. <p>Ahpra must advise the relevant Board or committee of the outcome of its proposal.</p> |

¹ The National Director, Compliance must be advised once a decision under s 178 has been made in relation to a monitoring and compliance matter.

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| Division 11 | | | | |
| Board may establish a health panel if it reasonably believes and it is necessary or appropriate that the matter be referred to a panel. | 181(1) | | | |
| Board may establish a performance and professional standards panel if it reasonably believes a registered health practitioner practises unsatisfactorily or their professional conduct is or may be unsatisfactory. | 182(1) | | | |
| Division 12 | | | | |
| Board must refer a matter about a registered health practitioner or student to a responsible tribunal if it reasonably believes based on a notification or for any other reason, that the practitioner/student has behaved in a way that constitutes professional misconduct or if it is referred from a panel. | 193(1) (excl Qld Act) | | | |
| Board must notify the Health Ombudsman if the Board forms a reasonable belief based on a complaint or for any other reasons, that the behaviour is professional misconduct or there is another ground for suspension or cancellation, or a panel notified the Board of the panel's belief. | 193(1) (Qld Act) | | | |
| Board may decide not to refer a matter about a registered health practitioner mentioned in s 193(1)(a) (excl Qld Act) to a responsible tribunal if the Board decides there is no public interest in the matter being heard by a responsible tribunal. | 193A(1) (excl Qld Act) 193C(1) (Qld Act) | | | |
| Board must refer a matter to the Health Ombudsman if requested to do so by the health ombudsman and if a panel | | | 193A(1) and (2) (Qld Act) | Ahpra can exercise the power to refer a practitioner to a responsible tribunal if: 1. a Board or committee with power to refer has decided to refer; and |

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| has notified the Board that the matter is to be referred the responsible tribunal. | | | | 2. consultation with the Health Ombudsman has confirmed that the practitioner can be referred. |
| Board may refer another matter about a practitioner or student to the health ombudsman with their agreement. | 193A(4) (Qld Act) | | | |
| Board's referral to Tribunal at panel's or ombudsman's request. | | | 193B(1) and (2) (Qld Act) | Ahpra can exercise the power to refer a practitioner to a responsible tribunal if: 1. a Board or committee with power to refer has decided to refer; and 2. consultation with the Health Ombudsman has confirmed that the practitioner can be referred. |
| Division 14 | | | | |
| <p>Following either the receipt of or awareness of the practitioner's practice information, Board may give written notice of the decision to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. the named registered health practitioners with whom the practitioner currently shares premises and the cost of the premises; and ii. the named registered health practitioners with whom the practitioner previously shared premises and the cost of the premises if the Board reasonably believes the practitioner's health, conduct or performance while the practitioner shared the premises with the registered health practitioners posed a: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. risk of harm to a person or a class of persons; or b. risk to public health or safety. | | | 206(2) | |
| Following application of s 206(1), a written notice of the decision may be provided to an entity which the registered health practitioner had a previous practice arrangement with | | | 206(3)(b) | |

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| and the Board believes that the practitioner's health, conduct or performance whilst they were at that entity posed a risk of harm to a person or a class of person or a risk to public health or safety. | | | | |
| Part 10 – Information and Privacy | | | | |
| Division 2 | | | | |
| Following a request under s 217(1) made by the Ministerial Council, the Board may by written notice ask the practitioner for information relevant to the request. | | | 217(2) | |
| Board may make a disclosure to protect health or safety of patients or other persons to an entity of the Commonwealth or State or Territory that the Board considers may be required to take action in relation to the risk. | | | 220* 220 (WA Matter) | |
| Following either the receipt of, or awareness of the practitioner's practice information as defined in s 132(4)(a), the Board may give written notice of the risk and any relevant information about the practitioner to the named registered health practitioners with whom the practitioner currently shares premises and the cost of the premises if it is in the public interest to do so. | | 220A(2) and (5) | | |
| Following either the receipt of, or awareness of the practitioner's practice information as defined in s 132(4)(b), the Board must give written notice of the risk and any relevant information about the practitioner to a named entity that has a current practice arrangement with the practitioner if it is in the public interest to do so. | | 220A(3) and (5) | | |

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| If the Board holds a reasonable belief pursuant to s 220B(1)(a), the Board may give written notice of the risk, and any relevant information about the unregistered person, to the registered health practitioners or entities mentioned in s 220B(1)(b). | | | 220B(2) | |
| Division 3 | | | | |
| Where the Board is satisfied of the matters in s 225A, the Board must record additional information in the National Register or Specialists Register. | 225A | | 225A | |
| Board may decide that a condition imposed on a practitioner's registration, or an undertaking accepted from the practitioner because the practitioner has an impairment is not recorded on the public register if it is necessary to protect the practitioner's privacy and there is no overriding public interest for the condition or undertaking to be recorded. | | 226(1) | 226(1) | |
| Following a request from the practitioner, the Board may decide that information relating to a practitioner should not be recorded on the public register because the Board reasonably believes that the inclusion of the information would present a serious risk to the health or safety of the practitioner or a member of the practitioner's family or an associate of the practitioner. | 226(2) | 226(2) | | |
| Board may decide to record information, which previously was excluded under s 226(2), on the public register if the Board reasonably believes the circumstances on which the previous exclusion was based have changed. | 226(2A) | 226(2A) | | |

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| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committees | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| Board may decide to remove information from the public register that the registered health practitioner has been reprimanded if it considers it is no longer necessary or appropriate for the information to be recorded on the Register. | | | 226(3) | <p>Ahpra is only delegated the power to decide to remove information that a registered health practitioner has been reprimanded from the register under s 226(3) where:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the reprimand has been published for 5 years or longer; and there has not been a 'Relevant Event' in the preceding 5 years. <p>Ahpra is only delegated the power to refuse a request to remove a reprimand under s 226(3) where:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> the relevant Board or committee has issued a written notice to the registered health practitioner proposing to refuse to remove the reprimand; and the practitioner has not provided a response to the notice or has indicated they intend not to make submissions. |
| Part 11 - Miscellaneous | | | | |
| Board may appoint persons as inspectors. | | | 239(1) 81(2) (SA Act) | |
| Part 13 – Transitional and other provisions | | | | |
| Board may, until the relevant date, approve or refuse to approve a CAA accredited program of study as providing a qualification for the purposes of registration in paramedicine. | | | 310(1) and (2) | |

Schedule 3 – Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Act delegations

| A | B | C | D | E |
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| Description of Division | Registration, Notifications and/or Compliance Committee | Immediate Action Committee | Ahpra | Conditions on Delegation |
| Part 3 Division 2 - Entitlement to registration | | | | |
| Local registration authority may permit the notice under s 18(1) to be amended after it is lodged. | | | 18(6) | |
| Local registration authority may grant registration and may grant renewals. | | | 19(2) | |
| Local registration authority may impose conditions on registration. | | | 19(5) | |
| Local registration authority may: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> postpone or refuse to grant of registration, or refuse to grant registration. | | | 20(3) | |
| Local registration authority may cancel a person's deemed registration (on application of registered person). | | | 25(5) | |
| Local registration authority may waive any conditions imposed or an undertaking accepted under the law of New Zealand if it thinks appropriate. | | | 26(4) | |
| Local registration authority may impose conditions on deemed registration. | | | 26(5) | |
| Local registration authority may reinstate any cancelled or suspended registration or waive any such condition if it's appropriate in the circumstances. | | | 32(2) | |
| Local registration authority to prepare and make available guidelines and information regarding operation of this Part. | | | 39(2) | |
| Local registration authority may impose fees in relation to substantive or deemed registration or continuance of registration. | | | 40(1) | |

