Managing risk to the public:
Regulation at work in Australia

At a glance: Regulating chiropractors in 2015/16

This annual report summary provides a snapshot of our work regulating more than 5,100 registered chiropractors in the financial year to 30 June 2016.


657,621 health practitioners in 14 professions registered in Australia in 2015/16

5,167 registered as chiropractors

This is 0.8% of the registrant base

1,240 registered students; down 34.5%

394 new applications for registration received

49 notifications were closed

82 notifications (complaints or concerns) were lodged with AHPRA about chiropractors

3. Registration grew by 3.4% from 2014/15

38.5% women

61.5% men

787 criminal history checks were carried out for chiropractors, resulting in:

66 disclosable court outcomes;

No regulatory action needed to be taken.

601 complaints were made about possible statutory offences relating to chiropractic services

68 statutory offence matters were closed


2. This figure refers only to matters managed by AHPRA. For total notifications received about the profession, including matters managed by the Health Professional Councils Authority (HPCA) in NSW, please refer to Table 4.

3. This figure represents complaints managed and closed by AHPRA, and excludes matters managed by the HPCA.
About this report

This report provides a profession-specific view of the Chiropractic Board of Australia’s work to manage risk to the public and regulate the profession in the public interest in 2015/16.

The Board has worked in close partnership with the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency (AHPRA) to provide all Australians with a safe, qualified and competent workforce under the National Registration and Accreditation Scheme (the National Scheme).

Information included in this report is drawn from the data published in the 2015/16 annual report by AHPRA and the National Boards, and was correct as at 30 June 2016.

Whenever possible, historical data are provided to show trends over time, as well as comparisons between states and territories.

For a wider context, and to compare the profession against national data from all 14 professions regulated by National Boards under the National Scheme, this report should be read in conjunction with the 2015/16 annual report. Download the report from www.ahpra.gov.au/annualreport/2016.

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Message from the Chair, Chiropractic Board of Australia

Ensuring the public receives safe, competent and ethical care from chiropractors is the guiding principle embedded in all aspects of the work of the Chiropractic Board of Australia.

In addition to setting the ethical and professional standards for the profession, the facilitation of practitioner understanding and compliance with these standards is a critical element of the Board’s work. The Board welcomes engagement with, and feedback from, all stakeholders in relation to its activities.

The Board is fortunate to have excellent support from its regulatory partners in carrying out its important work, particularly AHPRA, the Council on Chiropractic Education Australasia and co-regulators (such as the Health Professional Councils Authority in New South Wales [NSW], the Chiropractic Council of NSW and the Office of the Health Ombudsman in Queensland).

The Board is committed to furthering the objectives of the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law, as in force in each state and territory (the National Law), in the public interest.

Dr Wayne Minter AM
Chair, Chiropractic Board of Australia

Members of the Board in 2015/16
Dr Wayne Minter AM (Chair)
Dr Michael Badham
Ms Anne Burgess
Dr Phillip Donato OAM
Mr Frank Ederle (from 31 August 2015)
Dr Graham Goodreid
Ms Barbara Kent
Dr Amanda-Jane Kimpton (until 30 August 2015)
Dr Mark McEwan (until 30 August 2015)
Dr Anna Ryan (from 31 August 2015)
Ms Margaret Wolf (until 30 August 2015)
Mrs Ailsa Wood (from 31 August 2015)

During 2015/16, the Board was supported by Executive Officer Paul Fisher.

More information about the work of the Board, including codes, guidelines and information on registration standards, can be found on the Board website at www.chiropracticboard.gov.au.
Message from the Agency Management Committee Chair and AHPRA CEO

Since the National Scheme began six years ago, AHPRA has worked in partnership with the National Boards to ensure that the community has access to a safe and competent health workforce across 14 registered health professions Australia-wide.

We rely on the expertise and insights of the National Boards to make decisions about the 657,621 health practitioners currently registered in Australia in the interests of the Australian public. It’s a role that Board members commit to with dedication and passion, and the community can be assured that its safety is always their number-one priority.

As at 30 June 2016, there were 5,167 registered chiropractors. Overseeing the registration and regulation of the profession is the Chiropractic Board of Australia, with valuable input from professional and community groups.

The Board upholds the values of the National Scheme by taking a risk-based approach to regulatory decision-making and policy implementation, with a continued focus on finding ways to improve effectiveness, efficiencies and timeliness.

In 2015/16, the Board worked tirelessly to ensure chiropractors understand their requirements around professional standards, particularly in regards to advertising their services. This included direct engagement with practitioners via surveys to ensure their unique challenges were taken into account when providing regulatory guidance.

We’d like to thank Board members for their continued commitment to ensuring a competent and flexible health workforce that meets the current and future health needs of the community.

We look forward to continuing to work in partnership with the Board.

Michael Gorton AM
Chair, Agency Management Committee

Martin Fletcher
Chief Executive Officer, AHPRA
Year in review: Chiropractic Board of Australia

A recurring theme to the Board’s work this year has been our commitment to ensuring the public has access to safe and competent health services from registered chiropractors.

Following Ministerial approval, AHPRA and the Board successfully published and implemented revised registration standards for professional indemnity insurance arrangements, recency of practice and continuing professional development. The Board started scheduled reviews of its registration standards for limited registration in the public interest, and limited registration for teaching and research.

An important Board initiative throughout 2015/16 was the development of protocols to analyse notifications data. This is to help the Board gain a better understanding of the trends and areas of risk in notifications brought to the Board’s attention.

The Board issued strong, clear messages to the profession outlining its expectations around professional standards, and it continues to work with practitioners and stakeholder groups to enhance their understanding of the requirements and expectations of the Board and the National Law, particularly in the areas of continuing professional development and advertising.

We worked closely with AHPRA to develop and refine the processes for managing offences under the National Law, particularly in relation to advertising, to ensure matters that pose the highest risk to the health and safety of the public are dealt with as quickly as possible.

In 2015/16, the Board conducted a voluntary, anonymous email survey of chiropractors. The high response rate has provided the Board with a better understanding of chiropractors’ knowledge of their obligations under the National Law, and the areas in which it may need to provide more regulatory guidance.

The Board has continued to develop strong links with other international chiropractic regulators, including by participating in meetings of the International Chiropractic Regulatory Collaboration and the New Zealand Chiropractic Board.
The profession in brief

- The chiropractic registrant base grew by 3.4% year on year, to 5,167 in 2015/16.
- NSW was the principal place of practice for most of these practitioners (1,736); the Northern Territory (NT) was home to the least (23).
- The age bracket with the most practitioners was 25–29 (857 registrants).
- 135 registered chiropractors were under 25 years of age; 13 were aged 80 or over.
- Women comprised 38.5% of the profession.

About our data

Data in this Board summary are drawn from the 2015/16 annual report, published by AHPRA and the National Boards. Data relating to chiropractors have been extracted from national source data that include all 14 health professions currently regulated under the National Law.

In the following pages, you’ll find registration data, including registrant numbers by age and principal place of practice, and data about notifications (complaints or concerns) received about chiropractors in the year to 30 June 2016. Data about statutory offence complaints are also included.

For a further breakdown of data from the 2015/16 annual report by AHPRA and the National Boards, including summary reports by state and territory, go to www.ahpra.gov.au/annualreport/2016.

Notifications data

Notifications are complaints or concerns that are lodged with AHPRA about registered health practitioners or students practising in Australia.

Our data generally excludes complaints handled by co-regulatory jurisdictions, such as in:

- NSW, where complaints about health practitioners with this state as their principal place of practice (PPP) are not managed by the Board and AHPRA, unless the conduct occurred outside NSW. Complaints about health practitioners where the conduct occurred in NSW are handled by the Health Professional Councils Authority (HPCA) and the NSW Health Care Complaints Commission (HCCC), and
- Queensland, where complaints are received and managed by the Office of the Health Ombudsman (OHO) and may be referred to AHPRA and the relevant National Board. We are not able to report on all complaints about health practitioners in Queensland because we only have access to data relating to matters referred to us by OHO.

Note that some NSW regulatory data published in this report may vary from data published in the HPCA’s annual report. This is due to subsequent data review by the HPCA after submission of initial data to AHPRA. For more information on how complaints about health practitioners are managed in NSW, and for data about complaints made in the state, please refer to the HPCA website.

For data relating to complaints in Queensland that have not been referred to AHPRA, please refer to the OHO website.

Registration of chiropractors

At 30 June 2016, there were 5,167 chiropractors registered across Australia. This represents a national increase of 3.4% from 2014/15.

Chiropractors made up 0.8% of all registered health practitioners across the National Scheme. Of all registered chiropractors:

- 94.3% held general registration to practise as a chiropractor, with this cohort of registrants increasing by 3.5% from last year, and
- 5.7% held non-practising registration and could not practise as a chiropractor. This cohort of registrants grew by 1.0% this year.

The total number of registered chiropractic students decreased by 34.5% compared to last year; to 1,240.

The Board received 394 new applications for registration, an increase of 6.2%. Of these, 86.3% were for general registration and 12.9% were applications to move to the non-practising register.

See Tables 1–3 for segmentation of registration data about chiropractors.

As a standard part of the registration process, applicants for initial registration as a health practitioner in Australia must undergo a criminal record check. AHPRA requested 66,698 domestic and international criminal history checks for practitioners across all professions in 2015/16. Of these, 787 checks were carried out for practitioners wanting to register as chiropractors. The checks resulted in 66 disclosable court outcomes. No conditions or undertakings were imposed on any practitioner’s registration as a consequence.

Regulation of chiropractors

In 2015/16, 146 notifications were received nationally about chiropractors (including HPCA data). Noting that there was a significant reduction in new notifications received in 2014/15 (only 75 new matters nationally), this year’s total is a year-on-year increase of 94.7%.

Nationally, the percentage of registered health practitioners with notifications received during the year was 1.5%. The percentage of all registered chiropractors with notifications received was 2.8%.

A total of 49 notifications relating to a registered chiropractor (excluding HPCA) were closed. This represents 0.9% of all matters closed across all professions. Outcomes of the closed notifications included:

- 16.3% resulted in conditions being imposed or an undertaking accepted by the Board
- 16.3% resulted in the practitioner receiving a caution or reprimand by the Board
- none resulted in suspension or cancellation of registration, and
- 67.3% resulted in no further action being taken by the Board (no further action is taken when, based on the available information, the Board determines there is no risk to the public that requires regulatory action).

Immediate action was taken by the Board on eight matters relating to chiropractors in 2015/16 (compared with five instances in 2014/15), excluding matters managed by the HPCA in NSW.

A National Board has the power to take immediate action in relation to a health practitioner’s registration at any time, if it believes this is necessary to protect the public. Immediate action limits a practitioner’s registration by suspending or imposing conditions on it, or accepting an undertaking or surrender of the registration from the practitioner or student. This is an interim step that Boards can take while more information is gathered or while other processes are put in place. To take immediate action, the Board must reasonably believe that:

- because of their conduct, performance or health, the practitioner poses a ‘serious risk to persons’ and that it is necessary to take immediate action to protect public health or safety, or
- the practitioner’s registration was improperly obtained, or
- the practitioner or student’s registration was cancelled or suspended in another jurisdiction.

At the end of the year, there were 92 open notifications about registered chiropractors (excluding HPCA).

There were 54 active monitoring cases about registered chiropractors (including HPCA). The majority of these (21 cases) related to suitability/eligibility for registration. For example, they did not hold an approved or equivalent qualification; lacked English language skills; did not meet requirements for recency of practice; or did not meet approved registration standards.

AHPRA received 601 new complaints about possible statutory offences by chiropractors this year. These complaints constitute 44.6% of all statutory offence matters received nationally in 2015/16. Almost all the new matters (96.5%) related to advertising concerns. There were 68 statutory offence matters considered and closed in this financial year.

Statutory offences are breaches of the National Law, committed by registered health practitioners and unregistered individuals. There are a number of offences created under the National Law, including the following:

- unlawful use of a protected title
- performing a restricted act
- holding out (claims by individuals or organisations as to registration), and
- unlawful advertising.

See Tables 4–11 for segmentation of notifications and statutory offence data relating to chiropractors.

Want to know more?


Segmentation of data by state and territory is also available on the AHPRA website.

For more information on the National Law as it applies to each state and territory, please see www.ahpra.gov.au/About-AHPRA/What-We-Do/Legislation.
Table 1: Registrant numbers at 30 June 2016*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chiropractors</th>
<th>ACT</th>
<th>NSW</th>
<th>NT</th>
<th>QLD</th>
<th>SA</th>
<th>TAS</th>
<th>VIC</th>
<th>WA</th>
<th>No PPP</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015/16</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>1,736</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>818</td>
<td>373</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>1,328</td>
<td>602</td>
<td>163</td>
<td>5,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014/15</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>1,681</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>771</td>
<td>362</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>1,290</td>
<td>594</td>
<td>159</td>
<td>4,998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% change from 2014/15</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>-8.0%</td>
<td>6.1%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
*Blank fields in all tables denote zeros.
1. No PPP (principal place of practice) includes practitioners with an overseas address.

Table 2: Registrants by age

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015/16</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>857</td>
<td>816</td>
<td>816</td>
<td>739</td>
<td>762</td>
<td>559</td>
<td>418</td>
<td>352</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>163</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>5,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014/15</td>
<td>142</td>
<td>827</td>
<td>801</td>
<td>725</td>
<td>490</td>
<td>425</td>
<td>335</td>
<td>229</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,998</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3: Registrants by gender

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chiropractors</th>
<th>ACT</th>
<th>NSW</th>
<th>NT</th>
<th>QLD</th>
<th>SA</th>
<th>TAS</th>
<th>VIC</th>
<th>WA</th>
<th>No PPP</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total 2015/16</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>1,736</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>818</td>
<td>373</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>1,328</td>
<td>602</td>
<td>163</td>
<td>5,167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>634</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>288</td>
<td>141</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>258</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>1,989</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>1,102</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>530</td>
<td>232</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>778</td>
<td>344</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>3,178</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total 2014/15</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>1,681</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>771</td>
<td>362</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>1,290</td>
<td>594</td>
<td>159</td>
<td>4,998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>608</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>263</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>520</td>
<td>251</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>1,877</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>1,073</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>508</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>770</td>
<td>343</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>3,121</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:
1. No PPP (principal place of practice) includes practitioners with an overseas address.

Table 4: Notifications received by state or territory

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chiropractors</th>
<th>ACT</th>
<th>NSW</th>
<th>NT</th>
<th>QLD</th>
<th>SA</th>
<th>TAS</th>
<th>VIC</th>
<th>WA</th>
<th>No PPP</th>
<th>Subtotal</th>
<th>HPCA</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015/16 (PPP)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>146</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014/15 (PPP)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>75</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014/15 (Responsible Office)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>75</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. Data relating to notifications (complaints or concerns) are based on the state or territory of the practitioner’s PPP (principal place of practice).
2. Matters managed by AHPRA where the conduct occurred outside NSW.
3. The number of matters referred to AHPRA and the National Board by the Office of the Health Ombudsman (OHO).
4. No PPP includes practitioners with an overseas address.
5. Matters managed by the Health Professional Councils Authority (HPCA) in NSW.
6. For 2015/16, notifications are based on the practitioner’s PPP.
7. Prior to this, notifications were based on the state or territory where the notification was handled (Responsible Office).

Table 5: Percentage of registrant base with notifications received, by state or territory

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chiropractors</th>
<th>ACT</th>
<th>NSW (including HPCA complaints)</th>
<th>NT</th>
<th>QLD</th>
<th>SA</th>
<th>TAS</th>
<th>VIC</th>
<th>WA</th>
<th>No PPP</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015/16 (PPP)</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>4.3%</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>2.5%</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014/15 (PPP)</td>
<td>4.6%</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014/15 (Responsible Office)</td>
<td>4.6%</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td>0.6%</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>1.2%</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.5%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. Health Professional Councils Authority.
2. No PPP (principal place of practice) includes practitioners with an overseas address.
3. For 2015/16, notifications are based on the practitioner’s PPP.
4. Prior to this, notifications were based on the state or territory where the notification was handled (Responsible Office).
### Table 6: Immediate action cases by state or territory (excluding HPCA)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Division</th>
<th>ACT</th>
<th>NSW</th>
<th>NT</th>
<th>QLD</th>
<th>SA</th>
<th>TAS</th>
<th>VIC</th>
<th>WA</th>
<th>No PPP</th>
<th>Total 2014/15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total 2015/16 (PPP)⁴</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total 2014/15 (PPP)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total 2014/15 (Responsible Office)³</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes: 1. No PPP (principal place of practice) includes practitioners with an overseas address. 2. For 2015/16, notifications are based on the practitioner’s PPP. 3. Prior to this, notifications were based on the state or territory where the notification was handled (Responsible Office).</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 7: Notifications closed by state or territory

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chiropractors</th>
<th>ACT</th>
<th>NSW¹</th>
<th>NT</th>
<th>QLD</th>
<th>SA</th>
<th>TAS</th>
<th>VIC</th>
<th>WA</th>
<th>No PPP</th>
<th>Subtotal</th>
<th>HPCA²</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2015/16 (PPP)⁴</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014/15 (PPP)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>68</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014/15 (Responsible Office)³</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>68</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes: 1. Matters managed by AHPRA where the conduct occurred outside NSW. 2. No PPP (principal place of practice) includes practitioners with an overseas address. 3. Matters managed by the Health Professional Councils Authority (HPCA) in NSW. 4. For 2015/16, notifications are based on the practitioner’s PPP. 5. Prior to this, notifications were based on the state or territory where the notification was handled (Responsible Office).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 8: Notifications closed, by stage at closure (excluding HPCA)³

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stage at closure</th>
<th>Total 2015/16</th>
<th>Total 2014/15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assessment²</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health or performance assessment³</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investigation</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Panel hearing</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tribunal hearing</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes: 1. Excludes matters managed by the Health Professional Councils Authority (HPCA) in NSW. 2. Closed after initial assessment of the matter. 3. Performance assessments are carried out by a Board-selected assessor whose scope of practice is similar to that of the practitioner being assessed (assessors are not Board members or AHPRA staff).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 9: Notifications closed, by outcome at closure (excluding HPCA)³

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Outcome at closure</th>
<th>Total 2015/16</th>
<th>Total 2014/15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No further action²</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accept undertaking</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impose conditions</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caution</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reprimand</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health complaints entity to retain</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suspend registration</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes: 1. Excludes matters managed by the Health Professional Councils Authority (HPCA) in NSW. 2. No further regulatory action is usually taken when, based on available information, the Board determines there is no risk to the public that meets the legal threshold for regulatory action. It may also be because a practitioner has taken steps to voluntarily address issues of concern.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 10: Active monitoring cases at 30 June 2016, by stream (including HPCA)\(^1\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chiropractors</th>
<th>Total 2015/16</th>
<th>Total 2014/15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Conduct</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prohibited practitioner/student</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suitability/eligibility(^2)</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. AHPRA reports by stream, rather than registrants being monitored, because a registrant may have restrictions (conditions or undertakings) in more than one stream. For example, nationally, 4,963 cases monitored by AHPRA relate to 4,861 registrants.
2. AHPRA performs monitoring of compliance cases for ‘suitability/eligibility’ stream matters for NSW registrations.

Table 11: Statutory offence complaints received and closed, by type of offence and jurisdiction\(^1\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offence</th>
<th>ACT</th>
<th>NSW</th>
<th>NT</th>
<th>QLD</th>
<th>SA</th>
<th>TAS</th>
<th>VIC</th>
<th>WA</th>
<th>No PPP(^2)</th>
<th>Total 2015/16</th>
<th>Total 2014/15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title protections (s.113–120)</td>
<td>Received</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Closed</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practice protections (s.121–123)</td>
<td>Received</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Closed</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advertising breach (s.133)</td>
<td>Received</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>176</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>174</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>580</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Closed</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directing or inciting unprofessional conduct/professional misconduct (s.136)</td>
<td>Received</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Closed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other offence</td>
<td>Received</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Closed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total 2015/16 (PPP)(^3)</td>
<td>Received</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>183</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>115</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>176</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>601</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Closed</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total 2014/15 (PPP)(^3)</td>
<td>Received</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Closed</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>112</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. This table captures offence complaints by principal place of practice (PPP) and includes all offences from sections 113-116 of the National Law, not only offences about advertising, title and practice protection.
2. AHPRA also receives offence complaints about unregistered persons where there is no PPP recorded. Only registered practitioners have a designated PPP.
3. Based on state and territory of the practitioner’s PPP.
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From outside Australia, call +61 3 9275 9009
Opening hours: Monday to Friday 9:00am – 5:00pm
(Australian Eastern Standard Time)

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www.chiropracticboard.gov.au

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